THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1879.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1M.	3M.	2M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$3.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
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Three inches	4.50	4.50	7.00	10.00	15.00
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One column	20.00	$5.00	$0.00	$0.00	100.00

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april9,1878.

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March 26, '80—y

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oct. 26, 79-1y.

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jan. 11, 1878

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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jan. 10, '80-tf

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New work and repairs neatly, quickly and cheaply done. Plows, Water-Wheels, &c., manufactured or repaired
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THE LATEST IS THE BEST.
The Greatest Sewing Machine of the Age
Don't fail to see this wonderful piece of perfection, the New Davis Vertical Feed Shuttle Sewing Machine, Manufactured at Watertown, New York.
Will be on exhibition at the Bloomsburg fair ground during the fair.
All are cordially invited to call and inspect the New Machine and obtain samples of work, more beautiful and desirable than ever before accomplished and utterly impossible for any other to duplicate.
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The Vertical Feed.
Which supercedes the under feed, is the hinge upon which swings the UNPARALLED SUCCESS,

Composed of only 13 Working Parts,
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It positively leads all others, DOING AWAY with all basting, and is the LIGHTEST RUNNING SHUTTLE MACHINE IN THE WORLD! and gives general satisfaction. Will be sold at the recent popular REDUCED SCALE OF PRICES. Samples of work free.
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For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.
Oct 3, 1y.

Poetical.

AN EPISODE OF THE RUSSO-TURKISH WAR.

From Temple Bar.

In his wind shaken tent the soldier sits,
Beside him flares an oil'ip smok'ly,
Whose dim light glooms and flick'ers on the sheet
Of rustling paper that, with eager eyes
And heart, intent he reads. Now with a smile
The dazed bearded sunburnt face lights up,—
A smile that in the smiling breeds a pain
Within his yearning heart; the gentle hand
That those sweet loving words hath traced, will he
Ever again in his protecting clasp
Enfold it? Who can tell! He can but kiss,
With wild intensity, the page that hand
Hath touched. Each line, each word read and re read,
At last there is no more. With swimming eyes
He looks, and drinks her name into his soul,
Yet those lines with pencil widely ruled,
Where largely sprawl big letters helplessly:
What do they say, those baby characters,
So feebly huge?
'Loved papa,
'When will you come home again?
'My own dear papa!'

As he reads this the tent to him grows darker,
His strong hand trembles, and the hot tears burn
In his blue eyes, and blur the straggling words.
What need to see? The words are stamped upon
His heart, and his whole soul doth feel them there.
The wind on gusty wings sweeps by, and lo!
With its wild voice, his child's sweet treble mingles
In accents faintly clear:
"Loved papa,
"When will you come home again
"My own dear papa!

And now his head is bowed into his hands,
His brave heart for a moment seems to climb
Into his throat and choke him. Hark! what sound
Thus sharply leaps among, and slays the sad
Wind voices of the autumn night, with shrill
And sudden blast? The bugle call "To arms!"
And startled sleepers, and its fierce appeal,
Half dreaming clutch their words, and gasping wake,
How many soon to sleep again—in death!
And on that father's heart the pealing cry
Strikes cold as ice, though soldier there's none braver,
For still above the bugle's thrilling breath
That pleading child voice sweetly calls:
"Loved papa,
"When will you come home again?
"My own dear papa!

* * * * * *

Across a rough hillside the light of dawn
Doth coldly creep, with ruthless touch revealing
All that by darkness had been hid, and there
Amongst the stalwart forms that stiffening lie
Upon the blood soaked ground, where they lie thickest
There is one found, with flaxen hair and beard
Dark dyed with gore, a bullet in his heart!
A crumpled paper in his hand was clutched,
'Gainst the cold lips the rigid hand did press
Some childish writing by his life blood stained
What are the words? One scarce can read them now:
"Loved papa,
"When will you come home again?
"My own dear papa!"

Select Story.

THE MAIN BRIDGE.

At was past midnight—the lights on the stone bridge which cross the river Main at Frankfort were still burning, though the footsteps of passengers had died away for some time on its pavement, when a young man approached the bridge from the town with hasty strides. At the same time, another man, advanced in years, was coming towards him from Sachenhausen, the well-known suburb on the opposite side of the river. The two men had not yet met when the latter turned from his path and went toward the parapet from the bridge into the Main.

The young man followed him quickly and laid hold of him.

'Sir,' said he, 'I think you want to drown yourself.'

'What is that to you?'

'I was only going to ask you to do me a favor, to wait a few minutes and allow me to join you. Let us draw close to each other, and, arm in arm, take the leap together. The idea of making the journey with a perfect stranger who has chanced to come for the same purpose, is really rather interesting. For many years I have not made a request of any human being; do not refuse me this one, which must be my last.'

The young man held out his hand. His companion took it. He continued with enthusiasm: 'So be it; arm in-arm. I do not ask who you are, good or bad—come let us drown.'

The elder of the two, who had at first been in so great a hurry to end his existence, now restrained the impetuosity of the younger.

'Stop, sir,' said he, while his weary eyes tried to examine the features of his companion. 'Stop, sir. You seem too young to leave life in this way; for a man of your years life must still have bright prospects.'

'Bright prospects!—in the midst of rottenness and decay, vice and corruption. Come, let us end it.'

'And so young! Let me go alone, and do you remain here. Believe me, there are many good and honest people who could render life charming for you. Seek them and you are sure to find them.'

'Well, if life presents itself to you in hues so bright, I am surprised you should wish to leave it.'

'Oh, I am only a poor, old sickly man, unable to earn anything, and can endure no longer that his only child, an angel of a daughter, should work day and night to maintain him. To allow this longer I must be a tyrant, a barbarian.'

'What, sir,' exclaimed the other, 'you have an only daughter sacrificing herself for your sake?'

'And with what patience, what sweetness and love, what perseverance! I see her sinking under her toil and her deprivations, and not a word of complaint escapes her lips. She works and starves, and still has a word of love for her father.'

'And you commit suicide! Are you mad?'

'Dare I murder that angel? The thought pierces my heart like a dagger,' said the old man, sobbing.

'Sir, you must have supper with me; I see a tavern open yonder! Come, you must tell me your history, and I will tell you mine. There is no occasion for you to leap into the river. I am a rich man, and your daughter will no longer have to work, and you shall not starve.'

The old man allowed himself to be dragged along by his companion. In a few minutes they were seated at a table in the tavern, with refreshments before them, and and each examining curiously the features of the other.

Refreshed by the viands, the old man began thus:

'My history is soon told. I was a mercantile man; but fortune never favored me. I had no money myself, and loved and married a poor girl. I could never begin business on my own account. I took a situation as a book keeper, which I held until I became useless from age, and younger men were preferred to me. Thus my circumstances were always circumscribed, but my domestic happiness was complete. My wife, an angel of love, kindness and fondness, was good and pious, active and affectionate; and my daughter is a ture image of her mother. But age and illness have brought me to the last extremity and my conscience revolts against the idea of the best child in the world sacrificing her life for a useless fellow. I cannot have much longer to live and I hope the Lord will pardon me for cutting off a few days or weeks from my life, in order to preserve that of my dear Bertha.'

'You are a fortunate man, my friend,' exclaimed the young man; 'what you call misfortune is sheer nonsense, and can be cured. To-morrow I shall make my will, and you shall be the heir of my possessions, and to-morrow night I will take the leap from the Main bridge alone. But before I leave this world I must see Bertha, for I am anxious to look upon one who is worthy of the name of a human being.'

'Sir what can have made you so unhappy at this early age?' cried the old man, moved with compassion.

'I am the only son of one of the richest bankers in Frankfort. My father died five years ago, and left me heir to an immense fortune. From that moment, every one that has come into contact with me has endeavored to deceive and defraud me. I was a child in innocence, and confiding. My education had not been neglected, and I possessed my mother's loving heart. My friend, and to whom I opened my heart, betrayed me, and then laughed at my simplicity; in time I gathered experience, and my heart was filled with distrust. I was betrothed to a rich heiress, possessed of all the fashionable accomplishments; I adored her with enthusiasm and love; I thought it would repay me for every disappointment. But I soon saw that she wished to make me her slave, and yoke all other men beside to her triumphal chariot. I broke off the engagement and selected a poor but charming girl—a sweet, innocent being, as I thought, who should be my life's own angel. Alas! I found her one day bidding adieu with tears and kisses to a youth whom she loved. She had accepted me for my wealth only. My peace of mind vanished, I sought diversion in travel. Everywhere I found the same hollowness, the same treachery, the same misery. In short I became disgusted with life, and resolved to put an end this night to the pitiable farce.'

'Unfortunate young man,' said the other, with tears of sympathy, 'I pity you. I confess I have been more fortunate than you. I possessed a wife and daughter, who came forth pure and immaculate from the hand of the Creator. The one has returned to him in the whiteness of her soul, and so will the other.'

'Give me your address, old man, and permit me to visit your daughter to-morrow. Also give me your word of honor that you will not inform her, or insinuate in any manner that I am a rich man.' The old man held out his hand.

'I give you my word. I am anxious to to convince you that I have spoken the truth. My name is Wilhelm Schmidt, and there is my address,' giving him at the same time a bit of paper which he drew from his pocket.

'And my name is Karl Traft. I am the son of Anton Traft. Take these bank notes, but only on condition that you do not leave this house until I fetch you from it. Waiter! a bed-room for this gentleman. You require rest, Herr Schmidt. Good night. To-morrow you will see me again.

II.

In one of the narrow and ill-lighted streets of Sachsenhausen, in an attic of a lofty and unsightly house, sat a blonde, about twenty years of age, busily employed with her needle. The furniture of the room was clean and tasteful. The girl's whole dress would not have fetched many kreutzers; but every article fitted her as well as if it had cost hundreds. Her fair locks shaded a face brightened by a pair of eyes of heavenly blue. The spirit of order, modesty, and cleanliness reigned in everything around her. Her features were delicate, like those of one noble born; her eyes betrayed sleeplessness and anxiety, and ever and anon a deep sigh rose from the maiden's breast. Suddenly steps were heard on the staircase, and her face lighted up with joy. She listened and doubt seemed to shadow her brow. Then came a knock at the door, which made her tremble so much that she almost wanted courage to say 'Come in.' A young man, shabbily dressed, entered the room, and made a low and awkward bow.

'I beg pardon, Miss,' said he, 'does Herr Schmidt live here?'

'Yes, sir. What is your pleasure?'

'Are you his daughter Bertha?'

'I am.'

'Then it is you I seek. I am from your father.'

'For Heaven's sake, where is he? Something must have happened—he stayed away all night.'

'This misfortune is not very great.'

'Oh, my poor, poor father! what shall I hear?'

The young man seemed to observe these visible marks of anxiety with great interest. He said:

'Do not be frightened, it is nothing of great importance. Your father met last night an old acquaintance, who invited him to a tavern. They had supper together, but when the landlord came for his bill your father's friend had decamped, and left him to pay the score. He had not sufficient money for this, and now the host will not let him go until he is paid, and declares that unless he gets his money in will send him to prison.'

'To prison!' exclaimed the girl. 'Can you tell me how much the bill comes to?'

'Three florins and a half.'

'Oh, God!' sighed the girl; 'all I have does not amount to more than one florin, but I will go at once to Madame Berg and beg of her to advance me the money.'

'Who is Madame Berg?'

'The milliner for whom I work.'

'But if Madame Berg does not advance the money—what then?'

The girl burst into tears.

'I am afraid she will refuse. I already owe her one florin, and she is very hard.'

'For what purpose did you borrow the money you owe her?'

The girl hesitated to reply.

'You may trust me.'

'Well, my father is very weak, and requires strengthening. I borrowed the money to get a quarter of a fowl for him.'

Under these circumstances, I fear Madame Berg will not give you any. I possess nothing. Have you any valuable more? Here is one florin, but that is all upon which we could raise some money.'

Bertha considered for a moment.

'I have nothing,' said she at length, 'but my poor Mother's prayer book. On her death bed she entreated me not to part with it, and there is nothing in the world I hold more sacred than her memory and the promise I gave her; but still for my father's sake I must not hesitate.' With trembling hand she took the book down from the shelf, 'Oh, sir,' said she, 'during many a sleepless night I have been accustomed to enter the secret thoughts of my heart on the blank leaves at the end of the book. I hope no one will ever know whose writings they are; you will promise me that?'

'Certainly, Bertha. I will take care that your secrets are not profaned. But now get ready that we may go.'

While she left the room to put on her bonnet and shawl, Karl Traft (for the young man was no other than our hero) glanced over the writing in the book, and his eyes filled with emotion and delight as he read the outpourings of a pure and pious heart; and when they had left the house together, and she was walking beside him with a dignity of which she seemed entirely unconscious, he cast upon her looks of respect and admiration.

They first went to Madame Berg who did not give the advance required, but assured the young man that Bertha was an angel. Certainly this praise Mr. Traft valued more than the money he had asked for. They pawned the book and the required amount was made up. Bertha was overjoyed.

'But if you spend all that money to-day,' remarked the young man on what will you live to-morrow?'

'I do not know, but I trust in God. I shall work the whole night through.'

When they went to the tavern, the young man went in to prepare old Mr. Schmidt for the part he wished him to act; then he fetched Bertha. It is impossible to describe the joy he felt when he saw the young girl throw herself in her father's arms, and press him to her heart.

She paid the bill and triumphantly led him home. Traft accompanied them and said he had a few more kreutzers in his pocket; she had better go and get something to eat. It was late before Traft went home that night; but the leap from the Main bridge was no more thought of. He came to the house every evening, in order as he said, to share with them his scanty earnings.

About a fortnight after, as he was going away one evening, he said to Bertha:

'Will you become my wife? I am only a poor clerk, but I am honest and upright.'

Bertha blushed and cast her eyes to the ground.

A few days after the young couple, simply but respectfully attired, and accompanied by Herr Schmidt, went to church, where they were married in a quiet way. When they came out, man and wife, an elegant carriage was standing at the door, and a footman in rich livery let down the step.

'Come,' said the happy husband to the bewildered wife, who looked at him with amazement.

Before she could utter a word the three were seated in the carriage, driven away at a quick pace. The carriage stopped before a splendid house in the best part of Frankfort. They were received by a number of domestics, who conducted them to apartments decorated in the most costly style.

'This is your mistress,' said Traft to the servants, 'and her commands you have henceforth to obey. My darling wife,' said he, turning to Bertha, 'I am Karl Traft, one of the wealthiest men of this city.'

A SOUTHERN ROMANCE.

THE PITIFUL CASE THAT HAS JUST BEEN BROUGHT TO LIGHT IN AN ALABAMA COURT.

During the rebellion a well-to-do family, consisting of John H. Reynolds, his wife and daughter, were driven from their North Carolina home because of its occupation by Federal troops, and settled in Walker county, near Birmingham, Alabama. There accompanied the migrating family a handsome woman, who, though called a quadroon, was hardly to be distinguished from a white person. This quadroon devoted her time to the care of Mrs. Reynold's, a confirmed invalid. After the war Henry Horton settled on an adjoining plantation. He had a son, Mark, and Mark grew up as a playmate of Jessie, the daughter of the Reynolds household. A few years ago, both families being prosperous, it was arranged by Reynolds that if the children could be induced to love each other there should be a union of the houses. Jessie was sent to a girls' school in Louisville, Ky., and Mark entered at Princeton College, N. J. Returned from their collegiate studies the young folks sure enough fell in love and were married under the most promising auspices. A month or so ago a child was born to them and it was remarked that young Horton and wife were among the happiest of mortals. But a cloud came up on the horizon shortly after the birth of the child. The quadroon fell sick and Dr. Blackmaan, the Birmingham physician, told her that her death was at hand. The quadroon sent for young Horton. She told him that her conscience had tortured her into making a death-bed statement. She said that Jessie had negro blood in her veins—that she was her daughter. John Reynolds was Jessie's father, but the invalid Mrs. Reynolds had never been a mother. The life-long illness of the latter had in fact been caused by Reynolds, who at Jessie's birth forced his wife to acknowledge the child of the quadroon as her own. The death of the quadroom occurred soon after Horton had been given the statement. Horton at once told his innocent wife the story of her parentage, drove her from his house and sued for divorce in the Walker County Court now sitting. The other day the court decreed the marriage void because of fraud. Pending the decree Horton disposed of his property and left for California. Reynolds is now endeavoring to sell so that he may return to North Carolina. The poor young wife and mother is wild with grief. It is not likely that she will bear the strain, and an educated, refined girl will be broken under her weight of woes, the victim of an institution of the past.—*Condensed from the Cincinnatti Commercial.*

Archbishop Wood of Philadelphia has decided that the Grand Army of the Republic is not a secret society, and that therefore Catholics may be members.

FARMING NOT LIKED.

We see an article going the rounds of certain papers that seem to publish anything to fill up, in which it is undertaken to tell 'why farming is so little liked.' Before going farther in the subject it should be first in order to prove that farming *is* not liked. For ourselves we deny the proposition. The very fact that three-fifths of the population are engaged in farming puts a stopper on any such nonsense. There is no business *more* liked than farming, and none that yields so sure a living and provides more certainly for the wants of old age when our work-days are over.

There are lazy people engaged in farming as in any other calling, who are ever ready to try their hand at something else which seems to promise as much or more gain with less labor. But we all know who have paid any attention to these changes how seldom any one betters his condition. On the contrary how frequently—in fact how generally—they fail entirely. It is perfect folly, after working at a pursuit for years, and becoming well acquainted with it in all its ramifications, and doing well enough, to abandon it and begin anew some other business of which we know nothing about. And we see the result of the folly all around us. The industrious, temperate, careful man who pursues farming as the vocation of his life, becomes ardently attached to it, and never fails to do well by it. We say never, because such a man cannot help but succeed unless overwhelmed with misfortunes, which is not often permitted in this day of good will and benevolence.

There is no business that a man engages in for the support of a family that is so certain of accomplishing its object, or that upon the whole is better liked, than that of tilling the soil; and there is no people, take them altogether, who are held in higher repute by the rest of mankind.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

LIVE BASS ON ICE.

On Monday morning as George Snyder, the ice man, was delivering ice at the drug store of Van Duzen Brothers, on Wall street he took a cake of ice weighing 200 pounds, and as the amount to be delivered there was only one hundred pounds, cut it in two. About the centre of the cake was discovered a young black bass, which on being cut out of the ice was found frozen as stiff as a stone. The ice had been harvested from the river last January, and so for eight months the fish must have been in the ice in a frozen state. Seward Van Duzen, one of the clerks in the store, thought to himself that he would try an experiment in reviving the fish. He put him in a sprinkling pot, in which was cistern water of the ordinary temperature, For about half an hour the fish showed no signs of life at all. After that time had elapsed he was noticed to begin to move his tail. He was transferred to a glass globe, and shortly afterward was swimming around as though he had not been locked in the cold embrace of a cake of ice for the greater part of a year. Pieces of cracker were thrown into the water, and the fish ate them. The globe containing the fish now adorns one of Van Duzen Brothers' counters, and a large number of people visited the store on Monday to take a look at what is really a curiosity in the way of reviving animal life.—From the Rondout (N. Y.) *Courier.*

A CHEERFUL WIFE.

Better than gold to a man is a cheerful wife. But he must do his part toward making her cheerful. It is easy enough for a man to marry a happy woman. But the bride expectant, when she thought how happy she would be, never contemplated the picture of a husband coming home as cross as a bear, and going to bed without speaking to her; she had never thought of the long evening when he wouldn't come at all, or his bringing some one home to dinner without warning or preparation, or his awful profanity over so trifling a matter as her little bill of expenses. She had no idea, in fact, there could be anything but happiness in married life, and she had determined to be happy, and to distribute her happiness to those about her. It is not often her fault if she doesn't succeed. Men, as a rule, do not exert themselves to secure their wives' happiness. They know that it requires a constant and great effort to possess property and be secure in its value in the midst of constant commercial changes. The cheerfulness, the happy, hopeful character which every woman displays at the beginning of marriage is not lost so easily as a fortune; it requires but a small share. A word to the girls in this connection is in order: Beware of the man who doesn't know enough about cheerfulness to understand its value in daily life. Such a man would improve the first opportunity to grind the cheerfulness out of his home; to frighten a sunbeam into a shadow, and then wonder what is the matter. Such is no better than no husband at all; and when you want a husband go find somebody else—somebody who will give you at least some chance to be happy far into the life beyond the honeymoon.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

The carelessness which some people in this city manifest in leaving their doors insecurely barred at night, is a topic with which the newspapers are always rife. One instance in particular was called to our notice. A lady living on Kutaw Square was sitting up with her daughter, who was afflicted with pulmonary consumption, and whose terrible cough could be heard by the neighbors. This evening in particular she was more than usually depressed and harrassed by severe and prolonged fits of coughing. Her mother left her bedside to go to the bureau to get some medicine to relieve her, and as she passed the window she saw an immense shadow of a man on the wall. One shriek and she fell in a faint, as a tall stalwart fellow leaped in at the window. The sick girl, too weak to cry out lay in a trance of fear, while the man leaned over and picked up her mother, and said in a kindly tone 'Be not alarmed, Miss, I am no robber; but I have heard you coughing so much that I am determined to relieve you, and so brought you this bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.' The young lady thanked her philanthropic friend, took the medicine and is now rapidly improving.—*Balto. Every Saturday.*

The Corliss engine, which so many people saw at the Centennial, is now used to run the branch mint at San Francisco.

A CURE FOR SLANDER.

The following very homely, but singularly instructive lesson is by St. Philip Neir: A lady presented herself to him one day, accused herself of being given to slander. 'Do you frequently fall into this fault?' inquired the saint. 'Yes, father, very often,' replied the penitent. 'My dear child,' said the saint, 'your fault is great, but mercy is still greater. For your penance, do as follows: 'Go to the nearest market, purchase a chicken just killed and well covered with feathers; you will then walk a certain distance, plucking the bird as you go along; your walk finished, you will return to me.'

Great was the astonishment of the lady on receiving so strange a penance; but, silencing all human reasoning, she replied: 'I will obey, father; I will obey.' Accordingly, she repaired to the market, bought the fowl, and set out on her journey, plucking it as she went along, as she had been ordered. In a short time she returned anxious to tell of her exactness in accomplishing her penance, and desirous to receive an explanation of one so singular. 'Ah,' said the saint, 'you have been faithful to the first part of my orders; now do the second part and you will be cured. Retrace your steps, pass through all the places you have already traversed, and gather up, one by one, all the feathers you have scattered.' 'But, father,' exclaimed the poor woman, 'that is impossible, I cast the feathers carelessly on every side; the wind carried them in different directions: how can I now recover them?' 'Well, my child,' replied the saint, 'so it is with your words of slander. Like the feathers, which the wind has scattered, they have been wafted in many directions; call them back if you can. Go, and sin no more.' History does not tell if the lady was converted, but it is probable. It required a saint to give the lesson; one would be a fool not to profit by it.

THE OLD, OLD STORY.

A young gentleman, happening to sit at church in a pew adjoining one which a young lady occupied for whom he conceived a sudden and violent passion, was desirous of entering into a courtship on the spot, and the exigency of the case suggested the following plan: He politely handed his fair neighbor a Bible open, with a pin stuck in the following text—second epistle of John, verse fifth: 'And now I beseech thee, lady not as though I wrote a new commandment unto thee, but that which we had in the beginning, that we love one another.' She returned it, pointing to the second chapter of Ruth, verse tenth: 'Then she fell on her face and bowed herself to the ground and said unto him. Why have I found grace in thine eyes, seeing that I am a stranger?' He returned the book, pointing to the thirteenth verse of the third epistle of John: 'Having many things to write unto you, I would not write with paper and ink, but I trust to come unto you and speak face to face.' From the above interview a marriage took place.

Wandering bands of gypsies are still found in parts of Europe, and even in so well settled and strictly governed country as Germany. They travel with their women, children, horses and baggage, and are sometimes numerous and strong enough to overawe the farmers, and even bid defiance to the village constabulary. Nominally they are in Germany accorded permission to stop for a limited time in the neighborhood of the hamlets which they meet on their erratic course, but in reality they often stop as long as they please, with or without permission, while the horses graze on the farm lands, and game and poultry mysteriously disappear from the vicinity. A newspaper correspondent, writing from Kosthelm, near Maynee, gives an amusing account of the audacity of a band of these European tramps who encamped near that place, made havoc with the adjacent crops and fields, defied the messengers of the burgomaster, and did not move until the military reserve of the village had been called out, even then not retreating without making a show of battle, and evidently giving way only to superior force.

Several San Francisco barteuders have been led into buying almost worthless paintings at $150 apiece in this way: A well-dressed stranger lounges in the bar-room a day or two, and then asks permission to hang a picture in the place for a raffle. The barkeeper thinks of the profit to come from incidental drinking and readily consents. The paintings are put up, the stranger praising it excessively, and placing 200 tickets on sale at $1 each. A second well-dressed stranger soon appears. He sees the picture, and says, that, knowing its high value, he will buy it for $200. Can the barkeeper make such a bargain? The barkeeper, intent on clearing $50, goes to the stranger, and succee

The Columbian.

C. R. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Oct. 24, 1879.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
DANIEL O. BARR,
OF PITTSBURGH.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
A. K. SMITH,

FOR CORONER.
I. K. DILDINE.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER.
ELI ROBBINS.

Democratic Standing Committee.

Bloomsburg E.—David Lowenberg, Chairman.
" W.—O. A. Clark, Secretary.
Beaver—James T. Fox.
Benton—Rohr McHenry.
Berwick Bor.—Wm. T. Snyder.
Briarcreek—M. L. Houseknecht.
Catawissa—M. V. B. Ellis.
Centralia Bor.—P. F. Burke.
Centre—Edward Hartman.
Conyngham N.—Patrick Brennan.
" S.—John Monroe.
Fishingcreek—S. C. Creveling.
Franklin—Wm. Rohrbach.
Greenwood—A. J. Derr.
Hemlock—N. P. Moore.
Jackson—Iram Derr.
Locust—Geo. Knittle.
Madison—Wm. Gingles.
Main—J. B. Nuss.
Mifflin—D. H. Montgomery.
Montour—Benevile Rhodes.
Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan.
Orange—O. A. Megargell.
Pine—John F. Fowler.
Roaringcreek—John Mowrer.
Scott North—John Kressler.
Sugarloaf—C. J. Hess.
Scott North—Jacob Terwilliger.

Vigilance Committees.

BLOOM EAST.
Paul E. Wirt.
J. B. Casey.
Amurth Noble.
James Leanoa.
John Yost.
Peter Sollieder.
Hugh Buckingham.
Charles Hassert.

BLOOM WEST.
R. R. Little.
Elias Furman.
William Barrett.
G. W. Sterner.

BENTON TOWNSHIP.
Charles Gibbons, Samuel Appleman, T. S. Cole.

BERWICK.
A. D. Seely.
F. S. Hunt.
David Gross.

CENTRALIA.
D. F. Curry.
Owen Cain.

CONYNGHAM NORTH.
Thomas Chapman.
Charles McGuire.
Thomas Ennis.

CONYNGHAM SOUTH.
John P. Hannon.
Jas. Monaghan.

FISHINGCREEK.
Cyrus McHenry, Samuel Shive, David Yost.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The members of the Standing Committee elected by the people in their respective districts have important duties to perform. Neglect or failure on their part prevents thorough organization and entails a heavy loss. It is all important that they should select Vigilance Committees for their districts *at once*, and report their names to the Chairman. *The men chosen should be the most active and intelligent who will serve. Work* and not *compliments* are demanded. See that every man is duly seated, properly registered, and has paid his taxes. The registry books are now in the proper places. Delay in such matters is folly, and so to work at once.

D. LOWENBERG,
Chairman.

Important to Voters.

The next election in Pennsylvania will be held on Tuesday, the 4th of November.

If an elector has paid a State or county tax within two years next preceding the election, or if he be between the ages of twenty-one and twenty two years, he can secure his vote by making proper proofs to the election board by his own affidavit and that of a qualified voter of his precinct, though he be not registered.

NOTICE.

As my name has been used in some parts of the county, since the holding of the Democratic Convention, as a *Volunteer Candidate* for the office of sheriff. I take this method of informing my democratic friends that *I am not a candidate*, (notwithstanding the treachery practiced and the illegal votes polled against me in my own town at the Delegate Election, which had a great deal to do in lessening my strength in the convention,) and do not desire my name to go before the people as such at the present time as it is my intention to support the nominee of my party. Thanking my friends for the very flattering support given me in the country districts before the convention, I remain as ever, democratically. Yours truly,

CHARLES A. KNORR.

Bloomsburg, Oct. 21, 1879.

HANLAN AND COURTNEY.

The boat race which was to have taken place on the 16th inst., on Lake Chatauqua, New York, between Hanlan and Courtney, came to an untimely end. On the evening of the 15th two men who had been looking after Courtney's boat found that the boat house had been entered and the boats sawed nearly in two, rendering them useless. Courtney refused to row in any other and so Hanlan started alone and made five miles in the quickest time on record. It was charged that Courtney knew something about the injury to his boats, but he indignantly denied it. There will likely be some trouble about the prize money.

Dr. Lemoyne of Washington, Pa., who built the first, and we believe the only, cremation furnace in this country, died last week at his home. His body was reduced to ashes in the furnace on the 16th inst., in the presence of a few relatives. This was in accordance with his will. The Doctor was always considered a queer kind of a genius. He left about $300,000, and one of the provisions of his will is that any of his children who refuse to be cremated at their death shall not have any portion of his estate. All but two have agreed to take their share under this provision. It is probable that these two will make an effort to break the will, as the condition is against the Christion religion which is a part of the common law of the state.

Official returns show that the vote in California, on Chinese immigration, was 883 in favor, and 154,638 against it.

NO NONSENSE NOW.

The campaign thus far has been a quiet one. Very few if any large meetings have been held through the state, and as it is an 'off year' it is not likely that there will be many grand demonstrations. But this is no reason why Democrats should remain passive and quietly permit the enemy to capture their camp while they are asleep. About ten days remain yet in which to work, and this time must be improved. We must not close our eyes to the fact that there is danger of defeat unless we are prepared for the situation. In our local affairs things are somewhat mixed. We have as candidates for sheriff A. K. Smith, the regular Democratic nominee, Reece Fairman, the regular Republican nominee, U. H. Ent, the Greenback candidate, Aaron Smith, the Temperance candidate, and other men running independently whose chances are so far out of sight that it is hardly worth while to count them. Of all these, there are but two whose chances of election are worth considering, viz: A. K. Smith and Reece Fairman. Mr. Smith was fairly nominated. He has stood by the old party for years, and when it refused to make him its nominee on several former occasions, he gracefully submitted and cheerfully gave his support to his successful competitor. There is no good reason why he should not receive every Democratic vote in the county. On the contrary, there are many reasons why he should be sustained. He is an earnest democrat, a good business man, and will make an efficient officer. He can only be defeated by democratic votes.

It has always been the policy of republicans, when they are in the minority, to raise up as many new parties, and as many independent candidates as possible, in order to draw votes from the democrats, while they themselves stick closely to their ticket. They are playing their old game in Columbia county to-day. They are encouraging independents with the promise of republican votes to help them, but the very fact that they have made a nomination of their own, proves clearly that they do not intend to do anything of the kind. Again, they have selected men for their tools whom they know can command no republican votes, so that the draft will be entirely from the democrats. Republican Greenbackers were careful to see that a democrat was nominated on their ticket, but on election day these same men will turn their backs upon their candidate and vote solidly for the republican nominees. That is what they did in Ohio, three-fourths of the greenback vote being cast for the republican ticket after having previously endorsed the democratic nominees, and it is what they intend to do in Columbia county. Democrats who have affiliated with the Greenback party here will find themselves sold and deceived by their pretended brethren on the 4th of November, unless they are wise enough to get out of the republican trap that has been set to catch them.

We have but few words to say regarding the Temperance candidate. He was once elected sheriff as a bolter, against an unpopular candidate, by democratic votes, and therefore ought not to ask the office again. He does not deserve it from democrats, as he sought the endorsement of the Republican county convention, and thus showed himself willing to become the regular Republican candidate. Will Democrats vote for such a man?

As to the little side show that is being carried on by independents we have only to say that none of them should receive any countenance or support from the party they are seeking to disorganize and betray. There is, then, but one course for democrats to pursue and that is *stick to the ticket*, and not only that, but *work for it*. Voting for anyone but your nominee simply helps to elect the republican candidate. Apathy and indifference will bring about the same result. If you vote for anyone but A. K. Smith for sheriff you throw away your ballot on a man who cannot be elected, and at the same time increase the chances of Fairman by diminishing the vote of Smith.

But all this is only precautionary. We do not believe that the Democracy of old Columbia will allow themselves to be deceived and swindled out of a sheriff by radical tricks. They have too much good sense and party principle for anything of the kind, and we therefore look for the election of A. K. Smith as sheriff of Columbia county for the next three years, by the usual democratic majority,

TO THE SOUTH SIDE.

The Democratic party in this county last fall polled on their candidate for Governor three thousand two hundred and seventy-eight votes, and to make up this number the Democrats of the south side of the river cast ten hundred and sixty-nine votes, just twenty-three votes over one third the whole number. The Greenback vote on their candidate for Governor at the same election on the South side amounted to three hundred and eighty-two. In Beaver township, Mason, the Greenback Governor candidate, received seven votes, Locust gave him ten, Franklin, Main and Mifflin, but four each. Down in the Conynghams, amongst the miners, the Democratic candidate for Governor received only seventy five votes out of a poll of three hundred and thirteen. But this was expected, as the Labor-Union-Greenback question in that particular locality was constantly being agitated during the whole campaign. It has been reported that the South side will not do her whole duty this fall on our State and County ticket. This we can hardly credit. The South side should have no grievances at this time, as they had no candidates of their own before the convention, to receive nominations or suffer defeat; therefore it is nothing more than their plain duty to give the whole Democratic ticket their full and hearty support. The vote on the South side will be more closely examined this fall than at previous elections, from the very fact that the office of Sheriff and that of Treasurer will be claimed by the democracy of that side for the next term. The townships falling back now, cannot come forward and demand support from the party in the future with a very good grace, if they allow this sort of thing to happen when it is in their power to prevent it. We feel confident that the South side will do her duty and do it well. She will not do anything else, while two thirds of the democracy of the county are looking for a good report from her side.

NOVEMBER ELECTIONS.

Elections will be held next month on the Tuesday after the first Monday in the following States and Territories: Arizona, R.; California, R.; Connecticut, D.; Dakota, R; Delaware, D.; Florida, D.; Idaho, D.; Illinois, R.; Indian Territory, Kansas, R.; Maryland, D.; Massachusetts, R.; Michigan, R.; Minnesota, R.; Mississippi, D.; Montana, D.; Nebraska, R., Nevada, R.; New Hampshire, R.; New Jersey, D.; New Mexico, R.; New York, D.; North Carolina, D.; Pennsylvania, R.; South Carolina, D.; Tennessee, D.; Texas, D.; Virginia, D.; Washington Territory, R.; Wisconsin, R.; Wyoming Territory, R.

Those marked D., went Democratic and those marked R., Republican, in 1876.

A Corrupt Lobby.

AND THE ATTEMPT OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY TO REINSTATE IT IN POWER.

The Constitution of 1873, adopted by the people of Pennsylvania by an overwhelming majority, was intended to be a deathblow to the corrupt lobby which for many years had made legislation a matter of barter and sale at Harrisburg. Half the abuses and wrongs of the system have never been told. It demoralized the politics and legislation of the State, and plastered the Commonwealth over, from the Delaware to the Ohio, with special privileges to a favored few, which were auctioned off to the highest bidders, to embarrass and oppress future generations. A regular trade in special legislation sprung up, and out of this grew the legislative lobby, mainly composed of leading and influential Republicans, for that party had control of the Legislature, and the Executive. The lobby was a section of the Republican party.

By the Constitution of 1873 special legislation was abolished, and the offense of bribery by members of the Legislature and the "corrupt solicitation" of members by the lobby, made a high offense punishable by fine and imprisonment. The people deemed they had achieved a great victory and redeemed the State from the obloquy which rested on it by these salutary reforms. To a certain extent they had; but at the session of the Legislature in 1876 a powerful lobby invaded the State capital and attempted, by corrupt solicitation, to control a bill affecting the Susquehanna Boom Company. The House of Representatives at that time was Democratic, and as the attempt at corruption concerned its integrity, the Democratic Speaker of the House demanded a Committee of Investigation. It was granted with Hon. Joseph Hayes, Democrat, of Allegheny county, as Chairman. Among its members was Hon. Charles S. Wolfe, Republican, of Union county. This committee prosecuted its researches with unflagging energy and a determination to expose and punish the guilty. Evidence was accumulated which showed an organized movement to debauch the Legislature. The committee reported in favor of the expulsion of two members, Petroff, Republican, and Lynott, Democrat, for bribery and corruption, and they were expelled by a two-thirds majority of the members of the House. Lynott was allowed by his constituents to sink into obscurity, but the Republicans of Philadelphia took up the case of Petroff and twice re-elected him to the Legislature.

The action of the Democratic House in 1876 illustrated the Democratic method of disposing of legislative corruption. It was promptly exposed, and summarily punished regardless of party affiliation. It was a disagreeable duty, but cleared the atmosphere and showed the people of the State that the anti-bribery prohibitions of their new constitution were not mere idle words. It was hailed as a great victory for honesty in politics and legislation.

Let us look for a moment at the record the Republicans have made on this same vital question. It is not necessary to recapitulate the evidences of corrupt solicitation at Harrisburg last winter to secure the Allegheny county four million riot damage bill. They are fresh in the memories of the people. A powerful lobby, acting under the direction of ex-State Treasurer Kemble, a noted and influential Republican politician and the Pennsylvania member of the National Republican Committee, laid siege to the Legislature, and organized a corrupt conspiracy to promote the passage of the bill by the use of money. Associated with Kemble were noted Republicans in and out of the Legislature. The claim was put in for four millions of dollars, although the riot damages proposed to be made good did not exceed two millions and a half, leaving a clear profit to the lobby brigands of a million and a half of dollars, to be taken from the public treasury at a time when the people were bravely struggling with the ruinous depression of all business and industries, following the panic of 1873. Little cared the lobby thieves. The charges preferred against Kemble and his lobby forced the Republican House to take the matter up. A committee was raised, and after a searching investigation, reported to the House evidence warranting the expulsion of four members, and among the number the same Petroff who was expelled by the Democratic House of 1876 for bribery. The evidence against the members implicated was of the most positive character, and considered by fair minded men conclusive of their guilt. But the lobby was too powerful with the Republican House, and it refused to expel the corrupt members. They hold seats in the House of Representatives to-day as law-makers for the honest people of Pennsylvania! And it is a fact of great importance, in view of the coming election for State Treasurer, that Mr. Butler of Chester county, the Republican candidate for that office, as a member of the House voted against the expulsion of the members convicted of bribery, including Petroff, who had been expelled from the House in 1876, and was therefore an old offender, deserving no consideration or mercy.

This illustrates the Republican method of dealing with the criminals who seek to re-establish at Harrisburg, the rule of corruption and bribery that prevailed about the Legislature prior to the adoption of the new Constitution. The reason of this consideration shown the lobby is obvious. Its directors and members were leading and influential members of the Republican party. They controlled its action.

We say nothing at this time about the criminal proceedings pending in the Dauphin county criminal court against Kemble and other Republican politicians for bribery and perjury, for it would be improper to discuss them in advance of judicial action. The trials, however, have been put off until after the election.

More important than anything stated above as to the disposition of the Democratic party to enforce and of the Republican party to nullify the anti-corrupcion safe guards of the new constitution, was the action of the State Conventions of the two parties in July last. The corrupt practices at Harrisburg had become matter of State notoriety and there was a loud call on the two conventions to declare the honest sentiments of the people.

The Democratic Convention, meeting one week before the Republican Convention, adopted, without dissenting voice, this resolution declaring the position of the Democratic party of the Commonwealth:

Tenth—That the recent attempt, under the personal direction of ruling Republican leaders, to debauch the Legislature by wholesale bribery and corruption, and take from the Commonwealth four millions of dollars for which its liability had never been ascertained, is a fresh and alarming evidence of the aggressiveness of corporate power in collusion with political rings, and should receive the signal condemnation of the people at the polls.

This is so plain that he who runs may read. There is no attempt to evade the issue.

The Republican State Convention, one week later, was organized and controlled by the lobbyists of the Four Million scheme, to stifle any expression on the subject. Mr. Kemble's counsel was Chairman of the Convention and directed its proceedings. Mr. Hooten of Chester county; afterwards made Chairman of the Republican State Committee, had adopted by the convention a resolution, since known as "Hooten's gag," taking away from the minority of the Committee on Resolutions the power to make a minority report—something unprecedented in the history of political conventions. All this was the machinery of the Kemble lobby, showing its power. Representative Wolf of Union county, who was a member of the Legislative Investigating Committee, was a delegate in the convention, and demanded the Republican party should speak out on the subject of last winter's corruption, and offered this resolution:

Resolved, That in view of the developments of corrupt practices, in connection with the Riot bill in the last House, we emphatically reaffirm that part of the platform adopted by the Republican State Convention at Lancaster in 1875, and which was adopted by the Republican State Convention, at Harrisburg, in 1876, which demands "honest men in office—men with brains enough to know dishonesty when they see it and courage enough to fight it wheresoever they find it."

This resolution met with a chilling reception. Mr. Kemble's lawyer in the chair refused to have it read, but being overruled in this by the pertinacity of Mr. Wolfe, who was hooted at and insulted for his manly stand, sent it to the Committee on Resolutions, where it was suppressed by the power of "Hooten's gag." No allusion was made in the Republican platform to what was the engrossing subject with all intelligent citizens of the State. The Kemble lobby ruled the Convention, dictated the platform and nominated the candidate.

All this unmistakably shows what we set out to make plain; the position of the two parties in this State on the most important home question to be decided by the election this fall—the question of honesty or corruption as a controlling power in legislation. Mr. Butler is the representative of the lobby and of a convention notoriously under its control. Mr. Barr, the Democratic candidate, stands on the Democratic platform, which denounces the lobby, repudiates its jobs, and calls for the punishment of those furthering them by the arts of corrupt solicitation.

Priest vs. Bishop.

The Supreme Court at Pittsburg, has decided the celebrated Stack O'Hara case, in favor of the priest, Stack. The case is a peculiar and important one, involving, as it does, the authority of a bishop over a priest. Stack was a priest at Williamsport, and about six years ago was dismissed by Bishop O'Hara from the office without accusation or charge of any kind against him. He took the matter to court, but before a decision was reached a new priest was installed who met with favor in the eyes of the congregation, and the court did not like to turn him out. The decision, however, was that O'Hara had no right to remove him. Bishop O'Hara did not like this decision and applied for a reargument and the case has been dragging its weary length along all this while. Last June the case was argued before the Supreme Court, counsel appearing for Father Stack, the Bishop being represented by Geo. W. Biddle, Esq., of Philadelphia and J. O. Parker, Esq., of Williamsport. Recently the Supreme Court rendered a decision that the action of Bishop O'Hara in removing Father Stack was illegal and beyond his authority and that Stack has the right of action for damages. This settles the dispute whether a bishop can remove a priest without cause.

See a woman on horseback in another column, riding near Speer's Vineyards, with a bunch of Grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists.

June 27 1-y.

Who Did It?

Just now the Radical press and Radical speakers seem terribly in earnest in their efforts to have the people know that times are not as hard or money as scarce as a few years ago. They tell us that business is beginning to boom, that distress is banished and that everybody and all their friends are certain hereafter of getting along finely.

To us, business prospects do not look as rosy as Radicals would make believe. But that there is an improvement in times, that there is more work for working men, less distress and fewer business disasters, no one doubts.

But what party is to be credited for the change?

Certainly not the Radicals. For years and years they had complete control of the government. They made what laws they wanted, and enforced them as they pleased. They could have prevented the panic had they desired, or they could have cut it short long before it was, if they had tried to do so.

But not until the Democratic party succeeded in getting control of Congress and the Senate, was there anything done for the relief of the people.

Those who are rejoicing over a revival of business and better times, should remember this. It is all well enough for Radicals to boast about good times, but when they come to tell us who secured them, they have got to admit that it was Democratic economy and Democratic legislation.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

The Hostile Utes heard from.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 21.—A despatch from Los Pinos, dated the 16th, says that a courier has just arrived from the camp of the Hostiles, bringing information to Ouray that the White River Utes are in the mountains, about a hundred miles North of Los Pinos. The women and children captives are safe, he says, but the Indians will hold them until given assurance that the troops will not harm them. Ouray desires that the murderers have a civil trial.

A Fraud.

A forged and fraudulent letter, purporting to come from Mr. Barr's friends, and mailed in a package from Huntingdon, appealing for support on religious grounds, is being published in the Republican papers. It is hardly worth while to deny the charge—to sensible people, but lest some may imagine there is a grain of truth in it—Mr. D. O. Barr authorizes its prompt denial. He is running as a Democrat, as a citizen who feels competent to discharge the duties of the office of State Treasurer. No appeal has gone from him, or by his knowledge or consent, to any one on account of their particular belief in anything except the Democratic party.

THE STERLING BOOK COVER.—We have purchased the right to use these covers in this county, and have on hand an assortment of sizes. They make the neatest and most convenient form for doing up note heads, letter heads, bill heads, notes, checks, &c, and a cover will be given away with every order of 1000. Try it once and you will not do without it. It is the best thing of the kind ever invented. Call and examine. tf

The way they did it.

Every Ohio man in office, and their name is legion, from Hayes down, went home to work and vote for their ticket. John Sherman with the money power, and it includes more than the array of national banks, worked and lavished money for the cause, and to further Sherman's chances for the Presidency. Money from every available source was poured out like water. The low average assessment of ten dollars apiece from each office-holder would yield over a million dollars of a corruption fund.

We have a speedy and positive cure, for catarrh, diptheria, canker mouth, and head ache, in Shiloh's catarrh remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health, and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

A Strange People.

Do you know that there are strange people in our community, we say strange because they seem to prefer to suffer and pass their days miserably, made so by dis-pepsia, and Liver Complaint, indigestion, constipation, and general debility, when Shiloh's vitalizer is guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

Five Hundred Thousand Strong.

In the past few months there has been more than 500,000 bottles of Shiloh's cure sold. Out of the vast number of people who have used it, more than 2,000 cases of consumption have been cured. All coughs, croup, asthma, and bronchitis, yield at once hence it is that every body speaks in its praise. To those who have not used it, let us say, if you have a cough or your child the croup and you value life don't fail to try it. For lame back side or chest, use Shiloh's porous plaster. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county the undersigned administrators' of Eliza Parks, late of Fairmount township, Luzerne county Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises in Sugarloaf township Columbia county, on

Saturday, November 15th, 1879.

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described tract of land situate in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the county line dividing Columbia and Luzerne counties; thence south eighty-three degrees, west thirteen and five tenths perches to a stake and stones; thence north eight degrees west one hundred and forty-six perches to a stake; thence north eighty-three degrees east forty-seven perches to a chestnut; thence north seven degrees west forty perches to a stake; thence north eighty-three degrees east fifteen perches to said county line; thence south six and one-fourth degrees west one hundred and ninety-one and one-tenth perches to place of beginning containing

30 Acres 142 Perches.

strict measure.

This is a part of a tract which lies partly in Luzerne county, and the two parts will be sold together as one tract. There is a good

New Frame Dwelling House

and a BARN on the land in Luzerne county.

ALSO,

At the same time and place the undivided one-half interest of the decedent in the following mountain land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county will be sold.

Bounded and described as follows: bounded on the north and east by lands of George Nunkester, and on the south by lands of Nathan Bredbender on the west by lands of John Keller, it being unseated mountain land containing about

EIGHTY ACRES

more or less

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property. The one-fourth less ten per cent. at confirmation absolute, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

I. K. KRICKBAUM, Cambra, Pa.
A. R. PENNINGTON, Fairmount Springs, Pa. } Administrators.

Oct. 24-ts

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE *Timber Lands.*

In pursuance of the authority contained in the last will and testament of J. Watson Hibbs, late of Roaring creek township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, the Store of Owen Cherrington, Mill Grove, P. O., on

Wednesday, November 12, 1879.

At 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described

Timber Lands.

Late of J. Watson Hibbs, deceased, to wit:—Situate in the midst of Roaring Creek Valley, township and county aforesaid, with Farms on all sides of it, and ten or twelve miles from Ashland, Shenandoah and Centralia, adjoining lands on the north of John Flemmings, David Case, O. W. Cherrington, and Daniel Rumble, on the east by lands of Amzey Craig and Joseph Craig, on the south by lands of John Beaver, Charles Beaver and Lawson Hughes, and on the west by lands of Franklin Rarig and Peter Kleensch, containing.

155 ACRES AND 42 PERCHES.

This tract of land is mostly well timbered with white oak and white and yellow Pine, suitable for proping in mines, and other timbers suitable for making Rail road Ties, All well timbered except 25 Acres.

TERMS OF SALE—Twenty-five per cent down at time of Sale, other fifty per cent at any time within three months after date of sale, when possession will be given and the remaining twenty-five per cent on or before the first day of April, A. D., 1881, when a Deed will all be executed to the purchaser.

JESSE HAINES,
Executor of the last Will and Testament of J. Watson Hibbs, deceased.

Oct. 24.-ts

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate!

The undersigned administrator of Rebecca Smith, late of the township of Madison in the county of Columbia, deceased, will expose to public sale by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county in proceedings in partition, on the premises in said township of Madison, on

Saturday, November 22nd, 1879,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate late the estate of said decedent.

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in the said township of Madison, bounded by lands of Abraham Broadt deceased, Conrad Kreamer, William Shultz, A. K. Smith, the land below described as No. 2, and land of the heirs of Elisha B. Smith deceased, containing

SEVENTY-ONE ACRES

and fourteen perches, more or less, situated on the public road leading from Eyers' Grove to White Hall, nearly all cleared and under cultivation on which is a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame barn and APPLE ORCHARD.

No. 2. The undivided one-half part or moiety of a certain lot of land situate in said Madison township, of which the said decedent was seized as tenant in common with A. K. Smith, bounded by the above mentioned tract No. 1, and the said public road and land of William Shultz, containing

THREE ACRES,

more or less, cleared land in good cultivation, on which is a

Frame Dwelling House

out-buildings, a good well of water and fruit trees.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

Deed to be paid for by the purchaser.

CONRAD KREAMER,
Administrator,
Jerseytown, Pa.

Oct. 24-ts

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the second and final account of C. R. Woodin, assignee of the Columbian Iron and Manufacturing Company.

And now Oct. 21st, 1879, on motion of Geo. E. Elwell, Esq., the Court appoint Robert B. Little auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the assignee to and among the parties entitled thereto.

BY THE COURT.

The undersigned, appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of C. R. Woodin assignee of the Columbian Iron and Manufacturing company to and among the parties of entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at the office of R. B. & R. R. Little, in Bloomsburg, Penna., on Saturday, November 22nd, 1879, at nine o'clock a. m., for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment, when and where all such persons will present their claims before the Auditor or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

ROBT. B. LITTLE,
Auditor.

Oct. 24-4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Alias Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on the premises in Franklin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, at 1 o'clock, p. m., on

Thursday, November 27th, 1879:

The following described real estate, to-wit: All those three certain pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Franklin township, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania.

The first of said tracts or parcels of land contains Sixty-One Acres, neat measure, and is bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a Red Oak south 59¾ degrees west, 23 perches to a Chestnut, thence north 69¾ degrees west, 7 and 3-10 perches to a stone; thence south 35¾ degrees west, 74 perches to a corner with Solomon Artley; thence south 19 degrees east, 50½ perches to a pine knot; thence south 58¾ degrees east, 61¾ perches to a stone; thence north 68¾ degrees east, 48¾ perches to a post; thence north 19 degrees west, 139 perches to the place of beginning.

The second of said tracts or parcels of land contains Fifty-Six Acres, and one hundred and fifty seven perches, neat measure, and is bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a Maple, thence north 44¾ degrees east, 5¾ perches to a stone; thence south 84 degrees east, 61 and 1-10 perches to a post; thence south 35¼ degrees west, 14 perches to a post; thence south 4 degrees west, 97¾ perches to a Red Oak; thence south 59¾ degrees west, 25 and 1-10 perches to a Chestnut; thence north 61 degrees west, 7 and 3-10 perches to a post; thence south 35¼ degrees west, 68 and 3-10 perches to a post; thence north 18 degrees west, 86 and 8-10 perches to a stone thence north 78¾ degrees west, 9 perches to a stone; thence north 8¼ degrees west, 24 perches to a stone, thence north 23¾ degrees west, 20 and 9-10 perches to a stone; thence north 12¾ degrees west, 28 and 6-10 perches to a stone; thence south 84 degrees east, 61 and 3-10 perches to a stone heap; thence south 53¾ degrees east, 18¾ perches to the place of beginning.

And the third of said tracts or parcels of land contains Four Acres, and forty-six perches, and is bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a Red Oak, corner with Samuel Hoagland, thence north 5 degrees east, 27 and 7-10 perches to a stone; thence south 72 degrees east, 15 and 6-10 perches to the centre of the public road leading from Catawissa to Elysburg; thence south 23 degrees west, 80 and 9-10 perches to a stone; thence south 86 degrees west, 3 and 8-10 perches to a stone; thence north 19¾ degrees west, 4 perches to the place of beginning.

The above three pieces of land lying contiguously and forming one farm tract, comprise in the whole one hundred and twenty-two acres and forty-three perches; and will be sold in two parcels to suit purchasers.

The one being the Farm proper containing 118 acres and 18 perches, in a fine state of cultivation, and whereon are erected a commodious and comfortable dwelling house, a large bank barn, wagon shed and corn-crib combined, cider press, and all necessary out-buildings. It has abundance of excellent fruit, a well of water at the house and one at the barn, and is convenient of access by public roads.

The other containing 4 acres and 25 perches whereon are erected a large custom grist and flouring mill, with four run of stone, a dwelling house, a dry goods store and dwelling house, a saw mill, and other improvements; together with the water power, and the appurtenances thereto, and the right to maintain the dam at its present height, for the use of the said grist mill, saw mill, &c.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Sudenreid vs. Clinton Mendenhall, Eli Mendenhall, Elias Mendenhall, and E. R. Drioker, the title at present being in E. R. Drinker.

FRENZEL, Attorney.

Terms cash. JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

Oct. 24-ts

PENSIONS!

procured for soldiers disabled in U. S. service by reasons of wounds and other causes.

All pensions date back to day of discharge.

Pensions increased. Address with stamp,

STODDART & CO.,

No. 913 E St. N. W. Washington, D. C.

Oct. 24.-1m

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank of Bloomsburg,

At Bloomsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, October 2, 1879.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$125,887.28
Overdrafts	1,138 15
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
U. S Bonds on hand	20,180.00
Other Stocks Bonds and mortgages	33,325.00
Due from approved reserve agents	32,555.76
" " other National Banks	13,013.12
" " State banks and bankers	465.66
Real estate	1,951.58
Current expenses and taxes paid	1,534.91
Checks and other cash items	478.37
Bills of other banks	340.00
Specie	2,966.00
Legal tender notes	6,150.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasury, 5 per cent. of circulation	2,250.00
	$292,383.65

LIABILITIES,

Capital stock paid in	50,000.00
Surplus fund	100,000.00
Undivided profits	15,941.63
National bank notes outstanding	44,500.00
Individual deposits subject to check	79,146 37
Certified checks	2.92
Cashier's checks outstanding	196.24
Due to other National Banks	3,177.19
" " state banks and bankers	189.39
	$292,383.65

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF COLUMBIA, ss:

I, J. P. Tustin, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 6th day of October 1879.

J. C. BROWN, Notary Public.

Correct, Attest

J. W. McELVY,
FRAS. P. DRINKER,
M. G. HUGHES, } Directors.

Oct. 17-

Farm Accounts!

Every Farmer should know how to keep them. An entirely new and complete system just devised. Send postal for free Circulars to the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, 108 S. Tenth St., Philadelphia.

Oct. 17.-12w a & s

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 Outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland Maine.

oct 3, 79-1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE CO. COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.

These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.

LOSSES PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

Nov 16 '78.

COPPER PLATE PATCH

For mending tin, brass copper, lead or iron without acid or soldering iron. Any lady or child can mend with it. Will send one sample plate by mail (with directions) that will cut 1200 inch square patches on receipt of 25 cts. 8 for $1, 100 for $10. (Postage stamps received as cash). AGENTS WANTED. Can carry one day's stock in your pocket. Sales will yield $5 to $15 per day. Our 64 page illustrated Catalogue of chromos, Jewelry Novelties, Stationery, &c., FREE. Address,

CITY NOVELTY CO.,
No 110 South 8th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Mention this paper.

Oct. 17-1m w & co

INCREASED PENSIONS for all soldiers whose rate of pension is too low, as compared with present liberal laws, or whose disabilities have increased since pension was granted. Thousands are entitled, and should at once apply

BOUNTY due all soldiers discharged for wounds, rupture or other injury (not disease), who have failed to receive the amount promised, also to those who enlisted between January 1st, 1863 and April 1, 1864, for 3 years who had previously served a term of 9 months or more and failed to receive a bounty of $400 for last service. $100 due all soldiers who enlisted for 3 years prior to July 1st 1861, and were mustered in before August 6th, 1861, regardless of time served. Pay for rations while prisoners of war, still due, &c., &c.

We have had a long and extensive experience in collecting claims and furnish the best of reference when desired. Only legal fees charged and no pay until claim is allowed, so that it costs you nothing to apply. For full information address,

MCNEILL & BIRCH, P. O. Drawer 497 Washington, D. C.

☞ Always inclose stamp for reply.

Oct. 17-1m w & co

If you Want a FARM or HOME with independence and plenty in your old age,

THE BEST THING IN THE WEST
IS THE
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R.
LANDS IN KANSAS.

Circulars with map, giving full information, free Address A. S. Johnson, Land Com'r, Topeka, Ks.

Oct. 17-1m w & co

If it is not convenient for you to call in person, send for SAMPLES of whatever you may need in DRY GOODS, to the DISTRIBUTING CENTRE, at Eighth and Market Streets, Philadelphia,

The Largest Retail Stock of Dry Goods

in the State of Pennsylvania is there shown and distributed among consumers at the smallest possible advance on manufacturers' prices

Consumers of all descriptions of **D

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1879

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,		7.38 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Fast Train	12.00 M.	11.45 A. M
Express Train	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11:30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. The stage line terminates at Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

Jesse Haines, executor of J. Watson Hibbs, deceased, will sell Valuable Timber Land on the premises in Roaring Creek twp. on Wednesday November, 12th 1879.

I. K. Krickbaum and A. R. Penington Administrators of Eliza Parks, deceased, will sell Valuable Real Estate on the premises, in Sugarloaf township, on Saturday November, 15 1879.

A. J. Hess, administrator of Hiram Lunger, deceased, will sell valuable real estate Saturday, Oct. 25, on premises in Sugarloaf twp.

J. H. Hetler, & J. H. Harter, administrators of Jacob Harter, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Mifflin twp., on Nov. 1.

I. K. Krickbaum, & Wm. Brink, executors of Joshua Brink, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Benton, twp., on Oct. 25.

I. K. Krickbaum, & Daniel Shultz, executors of Philip Shultz, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Benton twp., on Oct. 28.

See advertisements in another column.

The heirs of John Swisher, dec'd, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Jerseytown on Saturday Nov. 8th, 1879.

The administrators of Margaret R. Smith dec'd will sell personal property and real estate on premises near Jerseytown on Friday Oct. 24th 1879.

SUBSCRIBE NOW

—FOR THE—

COLUMBIAN,

ONLY 25 CENTS

UNTIL JANUARY 1st, 1880.

(IN THE COUNTY.)

TERMS, $2.00 A YEAR.

$1.50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding the change in this office as announced recently, the dates on the papers showing up to what time each one has paid, will remain as before, and all payments on subscription will be applied to back accounts the same as though no change had occurred, unless otherwise specially directed by the person making payment. In this way there will be no confusion and everybody will know from the slips on their paper each week, for what time they are indebted. We sincerely hope, and earnestly request, that all who have not paid up to October 1st 1879, will do so soon, as Brockway & Elwell desire their accounts to be settled at as early a day as possible. From the numerous changes that have taken place in the COLUMBIAN in the past eight years we are aware that many people think that whenever a change occurs, they are going to be sued by somebody. We desire to dispel this impression and assure our subscribers that they need fear nothing of the kind, as no suits will be brought except in a few cases of those who are several years in arrears, and show no disposition to pay. In such cases the names will be stricken from the lists and accounts collected unless paid within a reasonable time.

NOTICE

Having been nomirated by the National Party for the office of Sheriff I take this method of informing my friends irrespective of party that I am a candidate for election, and respectfully solicit their support at the election to be held Nov. 4th 1879.

tf. U. H. Ent.

The Miners' Hospital will be located at Ashland.

Judge Elwell held argument court in Danville on Monday

The Post office at Willow Vale has been discontinued by the Department.

Articles left at the Fair dinner may be found by inquiry of Mrs. Wm. Elwell.

The Convocation of Williamsport held its regular meeting in Danville this week.

Isaiah Rupert of Harleton, spent a few days in town with his family during the fair.

The Synod of Harrisburg and Presbytery of Northumberland are in session at Williamsport.

Clarence Keller, a graduate of this office was in town during the fair. He is now employed in the office of the Scranton *Republican*.

The long wished for rain came on Saturday afternoon, and produced a very agreeable change in the atmosphere.

The Ashtons had full houses on Friday and Saturday nights. Everybody was pleased with them.

The ladies of the Episcopal church cleared nearly three hundred dollars at the Dining hall on the fair grounds last week.

The Congregation of the Reformed church will hold a festival in the Opera House Friday evening October 31st and Saturday evening November 1st for the benefit of the Sunday school.

Three men in a buggy, drawn by a steer in full harness and with a bit in his mouth, created quite a sensation on the streets last Friday. The buggy was pretty well filled, and so were the men.

CARPET WEAVING

Mrs. R. J. Parker at the Iron Bridge above Orangeville is an experienced carpet weaver, and will receive orders for work, at reasonable prices.

It is reported that the men who drew a crowd several nights by stretching a rope across the street and announcing a rope walk which did not come off, were driven out of Shickshinny, and at Wilkesbarre were fined $50 for the swindle. It would have served them right if something of that kind had been done here.

Jonathan R. Laycock of Wyoming was buried on Wednesday afternoon, at that place. The funeral was largely attended, and all places of business were closed during the services. Mr. Laycock was very popular with all who knew him, and his many friends here will mourn his loss.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—George Breece of Madison township fell from a tree last Monday morning, striking on his head and causing his death in a short time. He had on new boots, and it is supposed that they were stiff and slippery and he lost his foothold.

F. P. Cosper has sold the Berwick *Independent* to R. A. Bowman, and will move to Wilkesbarre with his family to take a situation in the job office of Mr. Yordy. Mr. Bowman is a young man who recently finished his trade at the *Republican* office. We wish him success.

The town council of Towanda has contracted with a Boston company to build water works. Bloomsburg, which is fully one half larger than Towanda, has been fooling over the same matter for years. Towanda people want water to drink, the other fellows don't.—*Sullivan Review*.

A man named Brookhart was sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary last Saturday in Williamsport. His crime was an atrocious assault upon a little girl. The court gave him the full extent of the law. Hanging is too good for such men.

The new uniforms of the Band arrived last week, and they made their first appearance on Tuesday morning. The uniform is grey trimmed with black, with silver bands and buttons. It is a very pretty dress.

A. L. Fritz, Esq., who was recently married to Miss Dora Evans, while attending the State Fair at Philadelphia, has gone to visit New York, and other eastern cities. We wish the couple a long life of happiness.

One letter used in our specimens at the fair was borrowed from the *Republican*, but not any ink, as that paper falsely alleges. Considering the fact that the *Republican* borrows something from us every time it gets a job, it was pretty small potatoes to speak of our fair display in the way in which it did. Hereafter let it be distinctly understood that we neither borrow nor lend.

We are requested to announce that the next meeting of the State Grange will be held at Bloomsburg on the 9th of December. The executive committee of the Columbia county Pomona Grange will hold a meeting on November 7th to make arrangements for the same. The body numbers about 500 members and our people will undoubtedly do all in their power for the entertainment of the visitors.

Invitations are out announcing the wedding of Mr. Frank R. Thornton, and Miss Lizzie H. Angle, both of Danville Pa. The ceremony is set down for Wednesday evening Oct. 29, at the elegantly furnished residence of Mr. William Angle, father of the bride elect. The contracting parties belong to the highest circles of Danville Society, and the event will undoubtedly be a most brilliant and fashionable affair. Miss Angle is one of Danville's belles, and numbers her admirers by the score, both at home and abroad.—*Breakfast Table*.

COURSE OF LECTURES AT BERWICK.

The Young Men's Christian Association of Berwick, Pa., have arranged their Second Annual Lecture Course as follows, to be delivered in Association Hall: November 1st, General Kilpatrick. "Incidents and Battle Scenes of the Rebellion." November 28th, Rev. C. H. Fowler, D. D., LL. D. "Muscle vs. Brain." December 15th, Chaplin C. C. McCabe, D. D. "Bright Side of Life in Libby Prison." January 14th Colonel C. G. Jackson. "How we Murder the King's English." A membership ticket in the Association entitles the holder to admission to all the above Lectures. Course tickets may be had at the stores or from members for $1. No deduction from this price will be made after any of the Lectures. Single admission 35 cents. Persons desiring Course Tickets should secure them at once as only a limited number will be sold. Persons from neighboring towns may secure tickets by addressing Lecture Committee, Young Men's Christian Association, Berwick, Pa.

A TIMELY WARNING.

A CAUTION ABOUT SHOT IN GAME.

The London *Lancet* a medical journal of high repute, publishes the following timely advice: "This being the season when game killed by shot, and probably containing the pellets, is eaten, it may be worth while to caution those who consume the flesh of birds with avidity that the proportion of instances in which shot is found is probably small in comparison with the number of cases in which the pellets are unwittingly swallowed. It is a matter of speculation how much mischief a shot may do when passed into the intestines, but the fact that anomalous diseases have been set up by the presence of very small bodies which have been entangled in folds of the mucous membrane renders it desirable to put the public on their guard. Occasionally the most disastrous results have followed such small causes. We have in recollection the case of a physician who died after prolonged and unexplained sufferings from the impaction of a very small nail which had found its way into a pudding, and was inadvertently swallowed. A little care will avoid this contingency; but, remembering that the bird had been shot, some pains ought certainly to be taken to avoid swallowing the missle.'

TESTIMONIAL.

Altoona Oct. 9th 1879.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Some kind friend sent me a copy of the *R publican* in which I see the account of a medical Comedy enacted in your town not long since, also the letters sent to the papers by that great "Humbug's" victims. Having been one of his victims myself I wish to give him a "dig" if you will be kind enough to publish it. I had been a sufferer from that dreadful malady Epilepsy for a long long time notwithstanding the skill of many very prominent physicians and the trial of quantities of advertised "sure cures" for fits. I grew worse until I was compelled to give up my work entirely and lost my good position as engineer on the Rail Road. In January 1877 I applied to Dr. Turner, telling him my whole situation. He at once began the treatment of my case and I at once began to improve and never from that moment have had a return or even symptom of the disease. This was in January 1877 and it has been more than a year since I have taken any medicine and this wonderful Extortionist charged me much less than my own good family Physician could have rendered one quarter the services, for nor do I believe the medicine I have been taking could or would have been put up by any other Druggists for what I paid him for the whole services. I only wish I could give him one hundred dollars for every one I did pay, and I can only pray that we may have many more of the same kind of "Humbugs and Extortionists."

Very truly yours,

G W. MYERS.

Chew JACKSON'S BEST Sweet Navy Tobacco.

THE FAIR.

On Wednesday morning of last week the sun shone forth bright and warm, and at an early hour large numbers of people began to gather at the Fair Grounds to enter their goods for exhibition. In the fancy and household departments, there was quite a fine display, made up as it is every year of patch-work, knitting, fancy needle work, carpets, paintings, and some articles with no name. There was a larger display than usual of canned fruits, some of them very tempting to the eye and mouth. Bread and butter, cake and pie, were there in abundance. Vegetables and big pumpkins were also on hand. The carriage department has generally been one of the most attractive on the grounds, by the presence of the fine goods of M. C. Sloan & Bro. This year their display was small but first-class.

There were some chickens as fine as any one can see in the large poultry shows. We mention especially a pair of white Cochins entered by Master Charles W. McKelvy, and a trio of light Brahmas entered by Master Robert Runyan.

The fat cattle, pigs and sheep were about as usual.

There was a large display of agricultural machinery, and among these the Osborne self-binding Harvester attracted most attention. This machine cuts the grain, rolls it in bundles, binds it with wire, and throws it off ready to be hauled in. The Osborne Mowers, Reapers and Rakers, were also there. Messrs. Harman & Hassert of this town are agents for the machinery.

The fat woman, the white African with bushy hair, the cheap Johnny, the four pin man, the sword swallower, the phrenologist, the safety lamp man, the flying horses and many other persons and things which were intended to amuse, swindle or cheat the old and young, were all there and seemed to be doing a brisk business.

One thing noticeable was the absence of any displays from the establishments of our business men. Heretofore there have been fine shows of furniture, stoves and ranges, harnesses, &c., but none of them appeared this year.

The management appears to have been conducted on strictly economical principles. The Premium List was not published in the county papers, but was printed in pamphlet form, and about 1200 of these were supposed to be distributed through and be sufficient for a county of 30,000 inhabitants, while people outside of the county had no means of knowing what premiums were offered.

The Award list, we understand is to be published in the same way, and the people of this county must be satisfied with guessing at who got the premiums. One thousand slips, which is the number ordered, are just about enough to supply Bloomsburg. The receipts this year were from twenty-five to fifty dollars more than last year, and as the printers cannot afford to publish the Award list for nothing, therefore it is not published in the papers (at least not any to speak of) for fear the expense thereof would reduce the receipts a few dollars below what they were last year. There was $300 given away to horse jockeys, but there is nothing to pay for the information of the people.

The ridiculous blunder of the Republican candidate for sheriff in requesting us to "do something for him" made the *Republican* so much ashamed of him that it lost its temper entirely with us for telling of it. In the absence of what it would call its "experienced" editor we excuse the youth who so intelligently wields the shears and fills the columns of that *able* journal with editorials from the New York *Tribune*, for his outburst of passion. He has been running a paper about six weeks longer than we have, and therefore he can call us "novice" with impunity on account of his much larger experience. While his tutor in politics travels around at the expense of the public, he stays at home to keep his candidate straight, and gets mad at us because he cant do it. That "friendly call" is good, especially so as the caller spent some little time in consulting different persons as to whether he should come in and ask us to support him, before he ventured it, and came then with the advice that he better let it alone if he did not wish to be ridiculous. We have had sufficient experience to enable us to understand the English language, which from some things that appear in the *Republican* occasionally leads us to suppose that our neighbor has not. That does not happen very often however; only when he does his own writing. If "Keef" agrees to pay the eight dollars and twenty cents the *Republican* seems so anxious to get hold of, we prefer to have it come through other hands. Our chances of getting it will be thereby increased. Mr. *Republican*, if you don't want your candidate to show his ignorance, tie him up, and save yourself the sweat he put you in last week.

At December sessions of court 1878 a young girl was brought before the bar on a charge of larceny. She had been confined in the jail some weeks previously. In court she put in a plea of guilty, by her counsel, and was sentenced to the House of Refuge in Philadelphia. Last week she made her appearance in town again, but how she got here, nobody appears to know. On Friday morning the occupants of several houses on Market and Main streets were aroused from their slumbers by the ringing of their front door bells. On answering the calls this girl appeared and offered for sale knives forks and spoons, saying she had to start out early as she wanted to sell them before eight o'clock when she wanted to leave town. Whether anybody bought them of her we know not, but are informed that when the family of William Robbins, superintendent of the Gas Works, went to eat breakfast they had no knives forks or spoons. This girl had slipped in a door left open for Mr. Robbins on his return early in the morning, and captured their table ware, hence her anxiety to dispose of them so early.

She is not of sound mind evidently, and should be looked after by some one. It is said she has no friends in this section.

ROARING CREEK NEWS.

A very pleasant rain Saturday evening.

Farmers are busy husking corn.

Apples are selling at twenty five cents per bushel.

Christian Small lost one of his best horses last Saturday evening by some disease.

Sam Lee the miller has already ground new corn. Who can beat that?

William Helwig has twenty pairs of new boots and shoes to make.

Charles F. Long of Danville was visiting his parents at this place Sunday.

Jefferson Achy of Franklin paid the family of Mrs. John Snyder a short visit on Saturday last.

The COLUMBIAN is the leading Democratic paper in this county.

Mr. Jerry Scott has a cabbage head that weighs twenty three pounds.

Walter Billman will soon open a school for the teaching of vocal and instrumental music. Success to "Botley."

Lots of apple cuttings around here.

No diptheria in this community at present.

We tip our hat for this time and should this prove acceptable you may hear from us again.

NOVICE.

Jacob Gross, son of Peter Gross of this place was killed at Danville last Friday morning in attempting to get on the train while in motion. The funeral took place on Sunday.

Dr. Kendall's celebrated treatise on the horse, for sale at G. A. Clark's book store and at the COLUMBIAN office for 25 cents. This book should be in the hands of every man who owns a horse.

Messrs. Harman & Hassert of this town are agents for the Osborne & Co., Agricultural Machinery, which was on exhibition at the fair. The Reaper and self binder is the perfection of machanism. It enables one man to cut, bundle and bind a harvest with perfect ease. The machinery is not complicated nor likely to get out of order, and weighs only 1200 pounds. They are also agents for the Independent reaper and the Mower made by the same company. Osborne & Co. are large manufacturers of the best agricultural implements, and Harman & Hassert are the right men to sell it. They are practical machinists of long experience and have fitted up a room especially for the display of these goods. They are also extensively engaged in the Foundry and machine business, and are prepared to fill all orders in their line.

JUBILEE OF CHRIST CHURCH, DANVILLE.

The 25th day of October being the 50th anniversary of the Consecration of Christ Church (Prot. Episcopal) in Danville, that church being an off shoot of St. Paul's Church, Bloomsburg, Festival and commemorative services are appointed for this week. On Friday at 7.30 p. m. Evening prayer (choral) with a sermon from Rev. A. Lauderbach of Phila. and Rector in Danville in 1837. Saturday morning at 10.30, a sermon from Rev. J. I. Elsegood of Long Island, Rector in Danville in 1849. Saturday evening a reception at the Rectory for all the Rectors, to which all their friends and former acquaintances are invited. Sunday morning a Commemorative Discourse by the present Rector. Sunday afternoon, a Sermon at Grace Church, Riverside, by the Rev. R. O. Page of Brooklyn and Rector in Danville in 1851. Sunday evening a Sermon by Rev. Milton C. Lightner of Binghamton and Rector in Danville in 1843. All of the five former Rectors of Danville now living are expected to be present. Episcopalians and others interested are invited to attend.

BERWICK LETTER.

Agreeably to promise, I will tell you more of our Literary Society. The meetings are held every Friday evening in the hall of the Y. M. C. A. At the last meeting there was a selection of prose and an essay on "Evolution and Christianity" read: a song, and then a debate on "Do the signs of the times indicate the downfall of our Republic." There were six disputants. The Judges decided in the affirmative. The negative speakers for this Friday evening are to be pitied. They are young men and of course have considerable regard for the opinions of the fair ones; and yet they are going to contend that "The Mental Capacities of the Sexes are unequal," that is, the female is smaller than the male. For Friday of next week, the question is to be of greater interest and importance, and is to be discussed by such as ought to be able to enlighten the public on many important points. The question is, "Are National Banks an injury to our country." S. C. Jayne and B. F. Crispin of the 1st National Bank and C. B. Jackson will sustain the negative, and F. Stewart, Dr. Freas and L. Thompson the affirmative.

The *Independent* has again changed hands, the Editor now being Mr. Bowman, formerly of your town. He proposes printing his own "outside" in a short time, devoting one or two columns to educational matter, to be conducted by an old teacher. I see no reason why he should not succeed. He may be young and yet have the ability of an older man. He has energy, confidence and determination, for weapons.

That there is an organized band of thieves in our vicinity is no longer doubted by the merchants of Mifflin, Wapwollopen and Berwick. The former place has twice suffered. Wapwollopen once and the latter twice. Last Friday night, members of this band effected an entrance into the store of P. Loeb, clothier of this place, and made off with perhaps a hundred dollars worth of goods; the finding of a large heap of coats etc., in the back yard next morning, revealed the fact that the thieves were disturbed, and thus did not effect a thorough clean-out which was evidently their purpose, having had with them a horse and wagon. Suspicion points at a few to be members of this band, but no arrests have been made. None of the gang are believed to live in town.

Hi Henry was here, had a full house: but we thought the entertainment was very ordinary. The "Ashtons" find more favor but had a smaller house. Little Dorrit is pretty and a very winning actress. I saw her last night as "Fanchon."

By the way, I don't think much of our Fair. Columbia should do better,

REPORTER.

Berwick Oct. 21st, 1879.

PARTIES OUT OF EMPLOYMENT WOULD DO WELL TO READ THE FOLLOWING.

One of the best ways to make money is to is to secure an agency for the sale of an article that is indispensible in every family, and for which there is a great demand. The Universal family Platform Scale, patented December 3d, 1878, is an article of this kind. Its beauty, accuracy and convenience sells it at sight to every housekeeper; it is made of brass highly polished or nickel plated, has no weights to get lost, and is always ready for use; the sale of these Scales during the past year was so great that the proprietors were unable to manufacture them last enough to fill their orders, but they now have increased facilities for turning them out, and are prepared to fill all orders as soon as received with a greatly improved scale. They give their agents exclusive territory to work in and they seldom fail to make from $5.00 to $10.00 per day, which is likely to keep up for the coming fall and winter. We advise you to write to the OHIO SCALE WORKS, 125 and 127 Central Avenue, Cincinnatti, Ohio, for descriptive circulars and terms to Agents mentioning our paper.

Oct. 17, 3 w.

OBITUARY.

DIED.—At Cambra, on the 14th inst., of Diptheria, John H. Callender, in the 18th year of his age. The deceased was a student of New Columbus Academy. Upon intelligence of the sad news of his death, the Principal of the institution appointed a committee to prepare resolutions of condolence.

Resolutions of Condolence.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in this mysterious Providence to remove from us our beloved young friend, John H. Callender, therefore, be it,

Resolved, That in his untimely death we recognize the hand of Him, who is "King of kings and Lord of lords,' and who doeth all things well, and that, trusting to His infinite goodness, we humbly bow to His will.

Resolved, That we sorrowfully condole with his bereaved father and mother, who so tenderly watched over him during the painful illness; that we tender our heartfelt sympathy and trust He, who alone can comfort, will sustain them under this sad affliction.

Resolved, That we, so unexpectedly deprived of our young friend, deeply and painfully mourn his loss; that we will miss his youthful but manly form and gentlemanly bearing at his accustomed place in the Academy, and his disposition, sunny temper, and good fellowship, on the playground and in society, willingness and readiness which so distinguished him both in class room and in the company drill; and endeared to us, as he was, by the ties of friendship and love, that we will cherish him in our fondest recollections.

Resolved, That in expression of our high esteem and regret we, the Faculty and students of New Columbus Academy attend the funeral in a body.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the COLUMBIAN and *Republican* of Bloomsburg, in the *Shickshinny Echo*, and in the *Union-Leader* of Wilkesbarre.

WM. H. HARRISON,
EVAN B. BEISHLINE,
J. F. WALTON,
M. W. JONES,
R. O. DAVIS.
} Committee.

DIPTHERIA IN CATAWISSA.

This fatal disease has made many homes desolate in Catawissa recently. B. W. Fortner lost a little boy six years old, G. W. Reifsnyder a little boy of four years. A grand-son of N. Fisher, two children of James McClure also died of the same malady. There have been many other cases both of children and adults. We congratulate the editor of the Catawissa *Item* on the recovery of his little son.

ORANGEVILLE ITEMS.

The late rain has made the grass and grain look green but has not filled our springs and wells.

George Fleckenstine has his new house almost enclosed.

The windows in Low's and also in Stewart's stores present a very fine appearance. The buyers of fancy articles will be able to suit themselves from these stores for we never saw a finer display in Orangeville.

The public school opened Monday with a large number of students. Mr. Herring and Miss Eves are the teachers.

Mrs. Canfield and her cousin, Miss Proctor left for Boston last Tuesday.

Mrs. James Codding of Towanda is visiting at A. Patterson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Abner Welsh are now in Easton.

The Lyceum exercises at the Academy last Monday night were pronounced a great success.

The final announcements and closing exercises of the Academy will be held on Thursday evening of next week. The prospects for next term are said to be very good.

REPORTER

Owing to the blunder of a clerk, the State appropriation for the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb failed to become a law. This involves the directors of the institution in great trouble, and they have, as a last resource, made an appeal to the public to make good the missing benefaction of the State. As the next Legislature does not assemble until 1881, it will be seen that the necessity for benevolent action is more urgent.

Marriages.

JONES—JEMISON.—At the M. E. Parsonage in Mifflinville by Rev. C. L. Benscoter, Oct. 9th John J. Jones of Bloomsburg to Miss Hattie Jemison of Lime Ridge.

CADMAN—FOULK.—On the 16th inst., at the M. E. Parsonage in Bloomsburg Pa., by Rev. E. H. Yocum, Mr. Charles Cadman to Miss Louise Foulk, both of Bloomsburg.

DAWSON—FOWLER.—On the 9th inst., at the residence of the bride's father at Espy Pa., by Rev. E. H. Yocum, Mr. Moore Dawson to Miss Della Fowler.

SMITH—CROSSGROVE—by Rev. G. V. Savidge Sept. 25th, W. E. Smith of Col. Co. to Miss Susan E. Crossgrove of Montour county.

CARR—BREECE—At the brides home, Oct 9th Daniel Carr of Columbia county to Miss Kate Breece of Col. co.

LEWIS—WELLIVER.—At the M. E. Parsonage of Jerseytown, Oct 15th, S. T. Lewis of Berwick to Ella J. Welliver of Jerseytown.

FRAZIER—HERR—On Thursday October the 16th 1879 at the Lutheran Parsonage East Main St. Bloomsburg by the Rev. O. D. S. Marclay, Mr. Daniel E. Frazier and Miss Sarah J. Herr both of Washingtonville. Pa.

MOSER—CARR.—On the same day and date at the same place and by the same, Mr. John S. Moser and Miss Martha J. Carr, also both of Washingtonville Pa.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.0
Rye "	.50
Corn, new, "	.45
Oats, " "	.30
Flour per barrel	6.0
Cloverseed	3.50
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.24
Eggs	.17
Tallow	.07
Potatoes	.35
Dried Apples	.04
Hams	11½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	10.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	3.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 2.50 per Ton
No. 5 "	2.20 "
No. 6 "	1.7 "
Blacksmith's Lutup on Wharf	$ 2.5 "
" Bituminous "	$ 4.50 "

Business Notices

SALT! SALT!!

500 barrels Fine Salt on track here, to be sold at $1.60 per barrel, full weight guaranteed, call soon, going fast.

H. W. AUL,
Espy, Pa.

Ladies Ready Made Coats, Dolmans, and a full line of Cloths to make from 90 cents up, with a full line of Waterproofs and Cloths. Also a large and complete stock of Dress Goods and Trimmings at lowest prices at Clark & Son's.

Doctor J. Schuyler respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity. Having graduated in 1843 after 20 years of practice, he was obliged on account of Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c., to abandon the active duties of his profession. During this time he has made the cause and cure of his own ills a special study, advising with the best medical talent and with very happy results. He will make the treatment of the same annoying complaints a specialty.

You can get Appleton "A" Muslin at Lutz & Sloan's for 8cts. by the bolt.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Good Canton Flannels for 8, 9, 10, 12½, 14, 15, 16 and 18 cents per yard at Silas Young's, Light Street. Sept. 19-2m

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

All kinds of stoneware, ½, 1, 1½ and 2 gallon flat and high pots, and 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 gallon apple and cream pots, with and without lids, in price from 12 cts. upward. ½, 1, 2, 3 and 4 gallon jugs, for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. Sept. 19 2-m.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Want good live calves that weigh 120 lbs to 125, 130, 140, 150, 160 and upward at Light Street by SILAS YOUNG.

Sept. 19 3-m.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Wanted 2000 lbs of nice dried Raspberries, at 25 cents per pound. And 2000 lbs of nice dried pitted cherries for which I will pay the very highest market price.

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18-6m.

Admission free at McKinney's.

Cash paid for 1000 bushels of good white or yellow Oats at Light Street by SILAS YOUNG.

Sept 5, 2m.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Wanted, 200 tons of good Rock Oak Bark at $5 per ton by Silas Young, Light Street. Sept. 19, 3m.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having purchased the Grocery of J. H. Maize, corner of Main and Centre Streets, Bloomsburg Pa., I shall endeavor to furnish to my customers the freshest and choicest Groceries in the market. Thorough attention will be given to the business and every effort will be made to deserve your patronage. Hoping to have you call and examine price and quality of my goods.

I am very Respectfully Yours,

PETER BILLMEYER.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

This truely valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. Everybody should have it. For the cure of weak stomachs, General Debility, Indigestion, Diseases of the Stomach, and for all cases requiring a tonic, This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess—Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do try **Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.**

I only ask a trial of this valuable tonic.

Beware of counterfeits, as Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is the only sure and efficient remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of Dyspepsia and Debility and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, I would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by E. F. Kunkel, and having his stamp on the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor. Sold only in $1 bottles or six bottles for $5. Try this valuable medicine and be convinced of its merits. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Tape Worm Removed Alive.

Head and all complete, in two hours. No fee till tape passes. Scat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 729 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Send for a circular with a treatise on all kinds of worms. Advice free. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup, which will do the work. Price $1. It never fails to remove all kinds, from children or grown persons. Directions with it.

Oct. 17,-1m

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of John Boston, deceased.

Now September 13, 1879, on motion of C. W. Miller and Geo. E. Elwell, counsel for creditors and W. J. Buckalew, attorney for estate, the Court appoint F. P. Billmyer auditor to distribute the money in the hands of D. L. Chapin, Administrator of John Boston, deceased.

BY THE COURT.

The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment, will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday November 7th, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.

F. P. BILLMYER,
Auditor.

oct. 10, ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CHARLES HAGE, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Col. county, to make distribution of the money in the hands of John Appleman, Administrator, to and among parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of S. Knorr, Esq., on Saturday, November 8th 1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN,
Auditor.

oct 16, ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN MILLER DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Administrators to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday the 11th day of November A. D., 1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of his said appointment, when and where all persons having any claims upon the said fund are required to present them, properly authenticated, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Auditor.

Oct. 9, 79-4w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN BOYER, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Columbia Co., to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Administrators, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday November 3, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M. at which time and place all parties interested must appear, present and prove their claims or be debarred from a share of said fund.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Auditor,

Oct. 3, ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CATHARINE FEALER DECEASED,

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the Administrator of decedent, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Thursday the 6th day of November A. D. 1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of his said appointment, when and where all persons having claims upon the said fund are required to present them, properly authenticated, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Auditor,

Oct. 3,4w.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, JOHN W. HOFFMAN, High Sheriff of Columbia county, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of Columbia county that a general election will be held on TUESDAY, THE FOURTH OF NOVEMBER, 1879 being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, to-wit:

One person for State Treasurer of Pennsylvania.
One person for High Sheriff of Columbia county.
One person for Coroner of Columbia county.
Two persons for Jury Commissioners of Columbia county.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Columbia are as follows, viz:

Beaver township, at the public house of Joseph H. Shuman.
Benton township, at the public house of Hiram Hess, in the town of Benton.
East Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.
West Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.
Borough of Centralia, at the public house of William Peifer.
Briarcreek township, at the public school house near Evansville.
Catawissa township, at the public house of Samuel Kostenbauder, in the town of Catawissa.
Centre township, at the school house near Lafayette Creasy's.
North Conyngham District, at the school house near the colliery of John Anderson & Co.
South Conyngham District, at the house of John Monroe.
Fishingcreek township, at the school house near C. B. Wiles's.
Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.
Greenwood township, at the house of Joseph R. Patton.
Hemlock township, at the public house of Chas. H. Dietterich, in the town of Buck Horn.
Jackson township, at the house of Ezekiel Cole.
Locust township, at the public house of Daniel Kehres, in Numidia.
Mifflin township, at the public house of Aaron Hess, in the town of Mifflinville.
Madison township, at the public school house in Jerseytown.
Mt. Pleasant township, at the house of H. W. Mellick.
Montour township, at the public house of Reuben Rauch, at Rupert.
Main township, at the public house of Jeremiah E Longenberger.
Roaringcreek township, at the house of Samuel Miller.
Orange township, at the public house of R. J. Davis in Orangeville.
Pine township, at the Centre School House, lately fixed by a vote of the citizens of said township.
Sugarloaf township, at the house of Alinas Cole.
West Scott at the public house of John Eckroth in Light Street.
East Scott township, at the public house of Jacob Miller, in Espy.

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the election polls shall be opened at seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls will be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That every person excepting Justices of the Peace and Aldermen, Notaries Public and Persons in the militia service of the State, who shall hold or shall within two months have held any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, and city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The In

Miscellaneous.

A VETERAN AERONAUT MISSING.

Prof. John Wise, the veteran aeronaut, who is well known throughout the state made an ascension in his large balloon 'Pathfinder,' from Lindell park, St. Louis, recently, and has not been heard from since. It is feared that he has met the fate that seems inevitably to fall to the lot of aeronauts, and that he has made his last ascension. Prof. Wise was accompanied by George Burr, receiving teller of the St. Louis national bank, and as no tidings have yet been received of them the opinion is growing very strong that they have met the same fate as Donaldson and Grimwood, who ascended from Chicago several years ago.

Prof. Wise had made 462 successful voyages, and was thoroughly conversant with everything pertaining to the science of ballooning. The 'Pathfinder' was a new balloon, and made only a few ascensions. The last was at Sterling, Illinois, on the 19th ult., when John Wise, jr., a grandson of Prof. Wise, reached an altitude of three miles, and made a voyage of eighteen miles.

In the ascension from St. Louis, Prof. Wise intended to remain in the air as long as the sustaining power of the balloon held out. The ascension was made solely in the interest of science, particularly meteorology. A brisk breeze was blowing when the fastenings were cut loose, which carried the balloon in a northerly direction for perhaps two miles at an elevation of from 1 200 to 1,500 feet. It then turned due east and sailed away out of sight. Prof. Wise expected to enter what he calls a permanent eastern wind current at an elevation of about 1,500 to 2 000 feet, which he desired to keep in if possible and make observations; and to effect this more surely, his ballast consisted only of a three-quarter inch rope, 1,800 feet long, which trailed from the balloon. When the gas became exhausted the balloon was to descend, and the end of the rope dragging on the ground was to relieve the balloon of part of its weight and hold it steady in the current.

Mr. George Barr, who ascended with Prof. Wise, had previously made three ascensions, and took great interest in the subject of air navigation.

A LEGAL DECISION.

The following anecdote illustrating the legal subtlety of Hindoo, is told by Dr. Scudder, of Brooklyn, formerly a missionary in India:

Four men, partners in business, bought some cotton bales. That the rats might not destroy the cotton, they purchased a cat. They agreed that each of the four should own a particular leg of the cat, and each adorned with beads and other ornaments the leg thus apportioned to him.

The cat, by accident, injured one of its legs. The owner of that member wound around it a rag soaked in oil. The cat, going too near the hearth, set this rag on fire, and being in great pain, rushed in among the cotton bales where she was accustomed to hunt rats. The cotton thereby took fire and was burned up. It was a total loss.

The three other partners brought a suit to recover the value of the cotton, against the partner who owned this particular leg of the cat. The judge examined the case and decided thus:

'The leg that had the oiled rag on it was hurt; the cat could not use that leg—in fact, held up the leg, and ran with the other three legs. The three uphurt legs, therefore, carried the fire to the cotton, and alone are culpable. The injured leg is not to be blamed.

'The three partners who owned the three legs with which the cat ran to the cotton will pay the whole value of the bales to the partner who was the proprietor of the injured leg.'

The November Scribner is especially strong in a class of papers that seem to be more and more in demand with this magazine, viz., authentic papers on topics immediately or recently occupying public interest. Such in this number are: 1. The paper on 'The Mississippi Jetties,' by the resident engineer, Mr. E. L. Corthell; the first complete account of this important work, with a portrait of Captain Eads and a number of plans; 2. An account by Clarence Cook, Esq., of 'Mr. Morris Moore and his Old Masters,' one of which, the 'Apollo and Marsyas,' of Raphael, may now be purchased for America. This topic was lately a good deal discussed in the newspapers, and as the picture has never been engraved,—at least in America,—the editor of Scribner has had a large cut made of it by Mr. Cole with other cuts, accompanies Mr. Cook's account of the discovery of the picture by Mr Moore and his exposure of the mismanagement of the National Gallery, etc., etc. 3. The present revival of interest in agricultural subjects in England and America is reflected in several papers; one on the 'Distress in Great Britain,' showing the unfortunate state of affairs in the kingdom; another on 'Kansas Farming,'—a very different picture,—and others on 'Success with Small Fruits,' etc.

A contest between a rattlesnake and a sow and pig occurred in Montgomery county, Georgia. The snake first bit the pig; then the old sow attacked the snake, and in her turn was bitten. She succeeded in killing the snake, but when Mr. Bridges, the owner of the farm, reached the spot, he found the reptile and the animals side by side, dead. This would seem to contradict the opinion that the hog is proof against the bite of the rattlesnake.

A resident in the county of Clare, Ireland, writes to the London *Times* that people who know that county well consider that there are two Irelands—the Ireland they read of in the English papers, generally represented by a class who do not own property, and whose intelligence is wrapped by these extremely one-sided views, and the Ireland in which they live, where every day they meet affectionate people who are most grateful for their acts of kindness, and whose manners may vie with those of any nation on earth.

SCIENCE.—The world will never fully know how much it owes to science. A scientific man, who has been investigating the coal-oil regions of Pennsylvania, has come out with the alarming theory that the oil comes from the bearing of the earth's axis, and that the earth will cease to turn when the lubrication ceases. Therefore he holds the opinion that the government ought to interfere at once, and put a stop to this pumping and boring for this gudgeongresse of the universe.

POISONED.—An English child six months old was sucking a piece of green wall paper, which was at once taken away. Nevertheless, it died next day. A large quantity of lead was found in its stomach. Oxide or carbonate of lead was found also on the paper. The coroner sensibly remarked that green wall-paper ought to be abolished, as it not only contained poisonous matter, but was very detrimental to health.

WHAT THE FARMER SHOULD STUDY.

The farmer should study the laws of concentration. He should learn how to concentrate his crops into the best paying articles. Does he consider that butter, cheese, beef, pork and mutton represent only a certain amount of grass, hay and grain that his farm produces? That instead of selling the raw commodities, he can, by putting them into these articles, get much better returns for his products? His study should be to know how to transform the raw products of his farm into something that is concentrated and that will bring him most money. What he raises has to go to some market. By considering it, little freight will have to be paid, and thus much will be saved. A farm is not only a farm; it is, or should be a factory for changing the raw products into articles of general consumption and that have a commercial value the world over—that are of the best quality, that keep well and sell well, and bring prices that will pay well for the skill, labor and capital employed in producing them.

THE LAMB AND THE LION OUTDONE.—A curious family is now amusing the Russians at the Zoological Garden of St. Petersburg. There are in a large cage two young lions, two bears and two dogs. The members of this family live in perfect peace, playing heartily together. It is proposed to add to the family a pair of young hyenas and a couple of young wolves. The managers hold that the peace of the happy family will remain undisturbed, even after it is thus enlarged.

CHILDREN BORN TO SUFFER.—A Green River Kentuckian has given his seven children the following names: Robert Goderich Channing DeAusbrz Phelp, Quitman Fremont Iturbide Cadwallader Phelps, Belchis Zenobia Semiramis Phelps, James Richard Augustus Phelps, Bothenia Permelia Melvina Phelps, Esau Mahursal Alhashbar Phelps, Dionysius Edric Bob Turner Phelps, Thompson Baker Sampson Bourges Phelps. And the enraged census taker always tries to kill that man.

A writer in the *Southern Farmer* says: To get a large yield of rich milk give cows every day water slightly warm and slightly salted, in which bran has been stirred at the rate of one quart to two gallons of water. A cow will give twenty-five per cent. more milk immediately under the effects of it, and will become so attached to the diet as to refuse to drink clear water, unless very thirsty. But this she will drink at any time, and ask for more. The amount necessary is an ordinary pailful at a time, morning, noon, and night.

Facts vs. Theory.

In regard to the method of coloring butter. The theory is that cows when well fed and cared for will make yellow butter; the fact is that not one in ten will, except in times of flush pasture.

This is just the reason that the very best Dairymen in this country use Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfected Butter Color. We warrant it to add at least five cents per pound to the value of white butter, a return of one dollar for every cent it costs.

Charles L. Pullman, a brother of the Pullman Palace Car Company's president, has been figuring extensively in St. Louis as a swindler. Using his brothers name, without authority, as an introduction, he borrowed money right and left, forged several letters, formed a pretended mining company, fooled an acquaintance out of a valuable watch, and finely fled.

Andrew Tracy, sentenced to be hanged in McKean county, October 9, for the murder of his cousin, has been reprieved by the Governor until November 6, in order to secure another hearing before the Board of Pardons for communication of the death sentence to life imprisonment. It is claimed that Tracy is of unsound mind.

The anniversary of Napoleon's surrender at Sedan, to judge from its celebration this year, bids fair to become to the Germans what the Fourth of July is to the United States. Its observance has been growing more general every year, and has become a fixed fact with the young generation. It is not likely to augment French love for the Teutonic conquerors.

Humbugged Again.

I saw so much said about the merits of Hop Bitters, and my wife who was always doctoring, and never well, teased me so urgently to get her some, I concluded to be humbugged again; and I am glad I did, for in less than two months use of the Bitters my wife was cured and she has remained so for eight n months since. I like such humbugging.—H. T., St. Paul.

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Rowell & Co's. Adv'ts.

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SUCCESSFULLY TREATED WITH

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

CATARRH is a disease of the mucous membrane. Temperaments and constitutions vary its severity in individual cases. Catarrh may arise from a cold or a succession of colds, from sudden change of climate, wearing wet clothing, or exposure to inclement weather, and becoming thoroughly chilled when the digestive organs are in a morbid or inactive condition, and the strength and vital forces exhausted. The disease may arise from a specific contagious poison of the blood, from Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Diphtheria, in which cases the eye and ear are generally involved and discharge quantities of matter. The discharge from the nose, the distinctive feature in all catarrhal cases from whatever cause they arise, may be thin and watery, and so acid as to cause redness and excoriation of the skin with which they come in contact, or thick and yellowish, emitting a foul odor, or clear and white like the white of an egg. There may be an entire lack of secretion, the surfaces being dry and feverish, the face, front and upper part of the head feeling uncomfortable, and as if it was encircled by a tight, unyielding band. This last symptom is one of the characteristics of Dry Catarrh. The frontal artery discharges cause the passages to swell and become thickened, rendering breathing through the nose difficult or impossible, and the mucous lining it undergoing a change, rendering breathing through the mouth, thereby permitting cold air to pass directly to the bronchial tubes and lungs. The matter passing down the throat creates a constant desire to hawk and expectorate to throw it off; but when the membrane is dry and feverish, instead of passing freely down from the nose and throat, the mucus becomes hard and forms into scabs, incrustations, and hard lumps, which adhere as firmly to the nasal passages and throat as to require very persistent efforts to dislodge them. The eye is sympathy becomes inflamed, red, weak, and watery, or in the morning the lids may be found glued together, and matter is secreted in more or less quantity. The ear also becomes seriously affected, discharging quantities of matter, besides being visited by the most violent neuralgic pains, ending frequently in inflammation, ulceration, and finally deafness. The throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs are in many cases affected by catarrh, and when ulceration of the mucous system is established, such affections become alarming.

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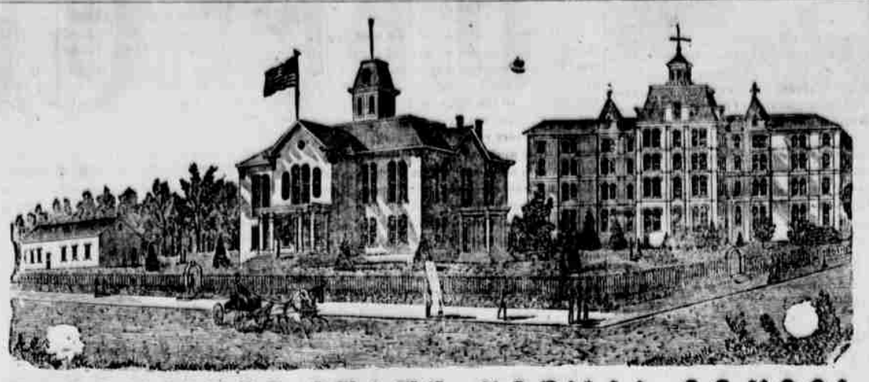

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IF WE CANNOT SUIT IN READY-MADE, WE CAN SELL YOU THE CLOTH, OR TAKE YOUR MEASURE, AND MAKE YOU A SUIT IN CITY STYLE BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER STORE IN TOWN. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SOLD BY THE YARD.

NOVELTIES, Hats, Caps, &c., for Men and Boys, Pearl Shirts, Under Clothing. Pretty suits for little boys, Cheap suits for Men, Cheap Overcoats, Trunks, Satchels, Bags, &c. Gum Clothing, &c.

Now selling at the

RELIABLE STORE OF

DAVID LOWENBERG.

SIX CORD SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON TRY IT S.F.T. ESTABLISHED 1836.

ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, Paris, 1878 AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876, As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING

MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J. STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, N.Y. & PHILA.

MEDALS AWARDED | PARIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK & BOSTON.

SOFT FINISH

April 18, '79-1y

THE BEST IN THE WORLD SOLD BY ALL DEALERS

WHITE SEWING MACHINE $1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS

SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT. WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS

BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS: WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

sept 26, 4w.

BENSONS CAPCINE | CAPCINE | POROUS PLASTER

The only improvement ever made on the common POROUS PLASTER.

It contains greater and more powerful PAIN-RELIEVING, STRENGTHENING, AND CURATIVE PROPERTIES than the common Porous Plaster, and is far superior to liniments and the so-called electrical appliances. PRICE 25 CENTS. oct 19, 4w. d

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES.

SUITABLE FOR YARDS, CEMETERY LOTS, and Public Grounds.

The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.

For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. Put up by experienced hands, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and Specimens of other Designs sent to any address. ADDRESS, S. M. HESS, Bloomsburg, Pa. July 18, '79—6m

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and, such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly Outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. oct 3, 79-1y

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE This is a remarkable medicine will cure spavin, Splint Curb, Callous, &c., or any enlargement AND WILL REMOVE THE BUNCH WITHOUT BLISTERING or causing a sore. No remedy ever discovered equals it for certainty of action in stopping the lameness and removing the bunch. Price $1.00. Send for circular giving full description. Sold by druggists, or sent to any address by the inventor, B. J. Kendall, M. D., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. Moyer Bros. Agents Bloomsburg, Pa. May 23, '79-1y a w

HORSE BOOK Send 25 cents in stamps or currency for a new HORSE BOOK. It treats of all diseases, has fine engravings showing positions assumed by sick horses, a table of doses, a large collection of VALUABLE RECIPES, rules for telling the age of a horse, with an engraving showing teeth of each year and a large amount of valuable horse information. Dr. Wm. H. Hall says, "I have bought books that I paid $5 and $10 for which I do not like as well as I do yours." SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. Agents Wanted. B. J. Kendall, M. D., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. May 9, '79-1y

PATENTED. THIS COLLAR and a Cow Milker free to Farmers who act as Agents. Cut this out and address with stamp SMITH & SON, 24 Dey St., N. Y. Name this paper. w july 25, 3m.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between C. B. Brockway and Geo. E. Elwell as the firm of Brockway & Elwell, engaged in the publication of the COLUMBIAN, and in the practice of law, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the firm will remain at the COLUMBIAN office for settlement, and all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the firm will please call and settle, and those having claims against the firm will please present their bills. C. B. BROCKWAY, GEO. E. ELWELL. sept 26, 4w.

C. E. SAVAGE, DEALER IN Silverware, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks &c.

☞ Removed to the Post Office building, first door above the Exhange Hotel.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted. may 11, 78-tf

PROVERBS. "For sinking spells, fits, dizziness, palpitation and low spirits, rely on Hop Bitters." "Read of, procure and use Hop Bitters, and you will be strong, healthy and happy." "Ladies, do you want to be strong, healthy and beautiful? Then use Hop Bitters." "The greatest appetizer, stomach, blood and liver regulator—Hop Bitters." "Clergymen, Lawyers, Editors, Bankers and Ladies need Hop Bitters daily." "Hop Bitters has restored to sobriety and health, perfect wrecks from intemperance." "Sour stomach, sick headache and dizziness, Hop Bitters cures with a few doses." Send for Circular.

PROVERBS. "$500 will be paid for a case that Hop Bitters will not cure or help." "Hop Bitters builds up, strengthens and cures continually from the first dose." "Kidney and Urinary complaints of all kinds permanently cured by Hop Bitters." Hop Coron Cure is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask children. The Hop Pad for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. Ask Druggists. D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistable cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All above sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Manufacturing Co., Rochester, N. Y.

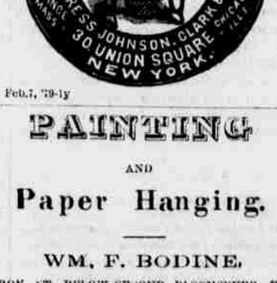
May 2, 79-6t.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau 10 Spruce Street, where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK. feb. 14 '77-tf r

PAINTING AND Paper Hanging.

WM. F. BODINE, RON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA is prepared to do all kinds of HOUSE PAINTING Plain and Ornamental. PAPER HANGING, BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN. All kinds of Furniture Repaired, and made as good as new. NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED Estimates Made on all Work. WM. F. BODINE. Oct. 1, 1878.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO. BLOOMSBURG, PA. Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs, PLATFORM WAGONS, &c. First-class work always on hand. REPAIRING NEATLY DONE. Prices reduced to suit the times.



Feb. 7, '79-1y

PAINTING AND Paper Hanging.

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FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA. HOMES. OVER 1,000,000 ACRES OF FINE FARMING LANDS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA, For sale by the WINONA & ST. PETER R.R.CO., At from $5 to $6 per Acre and on liberal terms. These lands lie in the great wheat belt of the Northwest, and are equally well adapted to the growth of other grain, vegetables, etc. The climate is unsurpassed for healthfulness. They are Free from Incumbrance, Good Soil, Maps, etc., containing full information, sent free. CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner, Gen'l Offices C. & N.W. Ry Co., CHICAGO, ILL. Mention this paper in writing. Sept. 5, '79.-1aw

AT THE ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY You can get a Thorough Education with the LEAST OUTLAY OF MONEY. For Catalogue, address the Principal, REV. C. K. CANFIELD. April 18, 1879-tf

BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, POSTERS, &c., &c., Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Sea-sickness, and other Disorders. The Liver is the seat of malarial disease. The Liver Invigorator tests the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY. ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION. April 18, '79-1y.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, June 29, 1879, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves	Philadelphia	11 5 p m
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 5 m
" "	Williamsport	8 35 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	9 57 a m
" "	Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" "	Renovo	11 0 a m
"	arrive at Erie	7 15 p m
Niagara Express leaves	Philadelphia	8 20 N m
" "	Harrisburg	11 45 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 25 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 55 p m
" "	Renovo	5 25 p m
Fast Line leaves	Philadelphia	11 45 a m
"	Harrisburg	2 35 p m
"	arrive at Williamsport	7 35 p m
" "	Lock Haven	8 40 p m

EASTWARD.